## California Current Population Survey Report March 2006



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## Acknowledgements

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## CALIFORNIA CURRENT POPULATION SURVEY REPORT MARCH 2006 DATA

The Current Population Survey (CPS) conducted by the U.S. Census Bureau for the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) is the primary source of labor force data for the entire nation. Although information on the labor force and unemployment are central to the CPS, extensive data on the social, economic, and demographic characteristics of the population are also collected through supplemental questions in the Annual Social and Economic Survey (ASEC). Estimates in this report are from the Annual Social and Economic Supplement (ASEC) to the 2006 Current Population Survey.

## DATA LIMITATIONS

The survey's estimation procedure uses independent samples for each state. It inflates sample-weighted results to independent national estimates of the civilian non-institutional population by age, sex, race, and Hispanic origin. Because of the unique sample design and weighting procedures used in the March Supplement of the CPS, the population estimate for the State of California is not consistent with population estimates produced by either the U.S. Census Bureau or the California Department of Finance (DOF). ${ }^{1}$ It is important to mention here that the sample design and methods of weighting CPS data are geared towards producing estimates for the entire nation, so data for states are not as reliable as national data.

As the primary purpose of the CPS is to gather labor force data, the sampling procedure used to determine the size of the survey is based on the Coefficient of Variation (CV) of the level of unemployment. This procedure ensures the allocation of a sample big enough to maintain a certain level of CV on national monthly estimates of the unemployment level and unemployment rate. However, it limits the reliability of demographic information such as age, sex, race/ethnicity, and other variables closely correlated with the labor force variables. More detailed information on the sampling method is available at "Technical Paper 63RV: Current Population Survey - Design \& Methodology," issued March 2002 at http://www.census.gov/prod/2002pubs/tp63rv.pdf

All estimates developed from the CPS are subject to sampling error. The magnitude of the error is inversely related to the size of the population being estimated. Estimates for the nation are better (i.e. have smaller errors) than those for the state. Estimates for a large segment of a state (e.g., total employed) are better than for a smaller segment (e.g., employment in retail trade). Differences in an estimate over time may be due to sampling error rather than actual change. Data items with broad confidence intervals indicate large sampling errors. Estimates of 100,000 persons or less have large standard errors and are denoted with italic type.

Estimates for a given year may differ from earlier years by more than what can be attributed to real changes in population characteristics. Beginning in 2002, CPS estimates were based on the 2000 census-based population controls. From 1994 to 2001, population controls were based on 1990 census data, making comparability to 2002 and subsequent years difficult. According to the Census Bureau,

[^0]differences could be disproportionately greater for certain subpopulation groups than for the total population. The use of summary measures-such as means, medians, and percentages-is recommended.

## USER'S NOTE

Beginning in 2003, persons were able to report more than one race in the CPS. As a result, data on race in 2006 are directly comparable only to those collected from 2003 to 2005 but not to those in previous years. In 2003, the CPS also introduced the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) based on the Census 2000 industry and occupation codes. The new classification system affected almost all industry and occupation variables. For details on differences between the NAICS and SIC (Standard Industrial Classification) classifications, go to: http://www.bls.gov/cps/cpsoccind.htm.

Race/ethnicity tables were constructed using mutually exclusive categories. The response to the Spanish, Hispanic, or Latino origin question took priority when determining race/ethnicity, resulting in Hispanic and non-Hispanic categories. The non-Hispanic categories are as follows:

- White, non-Hispanic
- Black, non-Hispanic
- Asian, non-Hispanic
- American Indian \& Alaskan Native, non-Hispanic
- Hawaiian/Pacific Islander, non-Hispanic
- Two or More Races, non-Hispanic

The Hispanic category includes persons of Spanish, Hispanic, or Latino origin who may be of any race. For all tables in this report except for Table 1, race/ethnic groups do not add up to the total population because only major race categories and Hispanic origin were examined.

To assist in determining the size of the sampling error for an estimate, 90 percent confidence intervals were calculated for selected data items and included in Appendix A.

More information on the Annual Social and Economic Survey (March Supplement) of the Current Population Survey can be obtained from http://www.census.gov/apsd/techdoc/cps/cpsmar06.pdf.

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## I. General Population Characteristics

In March 2006, California's population stood at 35.9 million, an increase of 0.3 percent since March 2005. This was equivalent to a net addition of about 90,000 persons from the previous year or 245 persons a day. Hispanics (or Latinos) made up 34.9 percent of the population; non-Hispanics accounted for 65.1 percent (see Table 1).

Children under age 18 accounted for just over a quarter ( 27.1 percent) of the state's population. Among children, Hispanics represented the largest group ( 45.6 percent), followed by Whites ( 33.7 percent). The population in the working age group (age 18-64) accounted for 62.1 percent of the total population. Among those of working age, Whites had the highest proportion ( 45.2 percent), followed by Hispanics ( 33.6 percent). The population over age 65 was about 10.8 percent of the total. Whites made up twothirds ( 66.6 percent) of the State's older population (see Table 2).

The overall sex distribution of the total population was 49.7 percent male and 50.3 percent female, which gives a male-female sex ratio of 99.0 males for every 100 females. The male-female sex ratio was highest for Hispanics ( 106.1 males for every 100 females) and lowest for Asians ( 89.2 males for every 100 females). The median age ranged from 26 for Hispanics to 41 for Whites. Among children under 18, there were more males than females in all race/ethnic groups except Blacks. Among seniors age 65 and over, however, there were more women than men in all groups (see Table 2).

Figure 2 shows population pyramids (age pattern by gender) for three groups: Hispanics, non-Hispanics and the total population. The pyramid for the total population resembles the one for the non-Hispanic population group: both pyramids have a narrow base, with roughly equal numbers of persons in each age group, until the numbers decrease at the oldest ages. In contrast, the Hispanic population pyramid had a broad base, indicating a high proportion of children, and a much lower proportion of older people.

In 2006, the population age 15 and over accounted for over three-quarters ( 77.5 percent) of the total population. Among those 15 years and older, over two-thirds ( 67.5 percent) reported having ever been married. Persons currently married accounted for 75.6 percent of the population ever married; divorced persons represented 13.5 percent; widowed, 7.8 percent; and separated persons, 3.1 percent. Men accounted for 46.3 percent of the ever married and 55.6 percent of the never married; women accounted for 53.7 percent of the ever married and 44.4 percent of the never married (see Table 3 ).

Concerning marital status and age, over two-thirds of those married ( 68.4 percent), separated (71.9 percent), or divorced ( 70.1 percent) were between age 30 and 59 . The percentage of persons never married declined with age and the percentage widowed, increased (see Table 4 and Figure 3).

For all race/ethnic groups, about two-thirds of persons currently married were between age 30 and 59 . Hispanics had the highest proportion of currently married before reaching age 30. In contrast, Asians had the lowest proportion of currently married before age 30. In general, Hispanics married earlier than non-Hispanics (see Table 5).

Whites had the highest proportion ever married, 72 percent, and Blacks had the highest proportion never married, 43.6 percent (see Table 6). Among persons between age 15 and 44, the chance of remaining single was higher for males, 55.1 percent, than for females, 45.4 percent (see Table 7). For persons age 65 and over, the proportion widowed was 10.5 percent for men and 42.6 percent for women (see Table 8).

The estimated number of households was 12.6 million. The average household size was 2.8 persons. Over a quarter of Hispanics ( 26.2 percent) lived in households with six or more persons, compared with 12.7 percent of Blacks, 11.3 percent of Asians, and 4.6 percent of Whites (see Table 9). Hispanic households, at 3.8 persons per household, had the highest average household size; Whites had the lowest ( 2.3 persons per household) (see Table 9).

The most common living arrangement for people age 65 and over was a two-person household (see Table 10). The proportion of women age 75 and over living in households with three or more persons was significantly higher ( 60.9 percent) than the proportion for age 65 to 74 ( 52.4 percent) (see Table 10).

The percentage of owner-occupied and renter-occupied households changed very little from the previous year. Owner-occupied households decreased slightly from 59.7 to 59.2 percent of all households and renter-occupied increased from 40.3 to 40.8 percent. The average household size for owner- and renteroccupied households was 2.9 and 2.6 persons, respectively (see Table 12).

Family households with two or more related persons accounted for 69.8 percent of all households and nonfamily households, 30.2 percent. Just under three-fourths ( 73.5 percent) of family households were married-couple families, 18.6 percent were female householders with no husband present, and only 7.9 percent were male householders with no wife present (see Table 13).

In March 2006, 9.7 million children under age 18 were living in California. More than two-thirds of these children ( 68.9 percent) were living with both parents; over a quarter ( 26 percent) were living with a single parent; and only 5.1 percent were living with neither parent or unknown. Among those living with a single parent, 80.5 percent were living with their mother (see Table 14).

## Table 1. Persons by Race/Ethnicity

| Race/Ethnicity | Number | Percent |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| White | $15,943,789$ | $44.4 \%$ |
| Hispanic | $12,537,418$ | $34.9 \%$ |
| Asian | $4,268,496$ | $11.9 \%$ |
| Black | $2,301,291$ | $6.4 \%$ |
| American Indian and Alaskan Native | 106,928 | $0.3 \%$ |
| Hawaiian/Pacific Islander | 155,725 | $0.4 \%$ |
| Two or More | 626,021 | $1.7 \%$ |
| Total* | $\mathbf{3 5 , 9 3 9 , 6 6 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 . 0 \%}$ |

* Total civilian non-institutional population. Includes members of armed forces living off military bases or living in civilian housing on base.

Table 2. Persons by Age, Race/Ethnicity, and Sex

| Age Group | White |  |  | Hispanic |  |  | Asian |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Male | Female | Total | Male | Female | Total | Male | Female |  |
| Under 18 | $1,700,644$ | $1,576,577$ | $3,277,221$ | $2,287,962$ | $2,153,647$ | $4,441,609$ | 489,870 | 478,126 | 967,996 |
| $\mathbf{1 8 - 3 4}$ | $1,547,018$ | $1,560,152$ | $3,107,170$ | $1,902,194$ | $1,695,589$ | $3,597,782$ | 522,616 | 497,964 | $1,020,580$ |
| $\mathbf{3 5 - 4 9}$ | $2,014,044$ | $1,857,702$ | $3,871,746$ | $1,422,258$ | $1,241,845$ | $2,664,103$ | 469,624 | 597,634 | $1,067,258$ |
| $\mathbf{5 0 - 6 4}$ | $1,477,933$ | $1,622,925$ | $3,100,858$ | 595,933 | 641,896 | $1,237,829$ | 348,487 | 423,308 | 771,795 |
| $\mathbf{6 5 +}$ | $1,149,878$ | $1,436,915$ | $2,586,793$ | 247,261 | 348,833 | 596,094 | 181,415 | 259,452 | 440,867 |
| Total | $\mathbf{7 , 8 8 9 , 5 1 7}$ | $\mathbf{8 , 0 5 4 , 2 7 1}$ | $\mathbf{1 5 , 9 4 3 , 7 8 9}$ | $\mathbf{6 , 4 5 5 , 6 0 8}$ | $\mathbf{6 , 0 8 1 , 8 1 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 2 , 5 3 7 , 4 1 8}$ | $\mathbf{2 , 0 1 2 , 0 1 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 , 2 5 6 , 4 8 4}$ | $\mathbf{4 , 2 6 8 , 4 9 6}$ |
| Median Age | $\mathbf{4 0}$ | $\mathbf{4 2}$ | $\mathbf{4 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 6}$ | $\mathbf{2 7}$ | $\mathbf{2 6}$ | $\mathbf{3 4}$ | $\mathbf{3 8}$ |  |

---- Table 2. Continued -----

| Age Group | Black |  |  | Total* |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Male | Female | Total | Male | Female | Total |
| Under 18 | 349,451 | 351,082 | 700,533 | $4,977,542$ | $4,760,386$ | $9,737,928$ |
| $\mathbf{1 8 - 3 4}$ | 287,620 | 265,992 | 553,611 | $4,370,603$ | $4,116,937$ | $8,487,540$ |
| $\mathbf{3 5 - 4 9}$ | 237,616 | 273,159 | 510,774 | $4,221,792$ | $4,057,941$ | $8,279,733$ |
| $\mathbf{5 0 - 6 4}$ | 155,482 | 169,332 | 324,814 | $2,627,611$ | $2,921,107$ | $5,548,719$ |
| $\mathbf{6 5 +}$ | 80,573 | 130,985 | 211,558 | $1,680,402$ | $2,205,346$ | $3,885,748$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{1 , 1 1 0 , 7 4 1}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 1 9 0 , 5 5 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 , 3 0 1 , 2 9 1}$ | $\mathbf{1 7 , 8 7 7 , 9 5 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 8 , 0 6 1 , 7 1 8}$ | $\mathbf{3 5 , 9 3 9 , 6 6 8}$ |
| Median Age | $\mathbf{3 0}$ | $\mathbf{3 3}$ | $\mathbf{3 2}$ | $\mathbf{3 3}$ | $\mathbf{3 5}$ | $\mathbf{3 4}$ |

* Total includes all race/ethnic groups.

Figure 1. Median Age by Race/Ethnicity and Sex


* Total includes all race/ethnic groups.

Figure 2. Distribution of Persons by Age, Sex, and Race/Ethnicity


Table 3. Persons (15+) by Marital Status and Sex

| Marital Status | Male | Percent | Female | Percent | Total | Percent |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Never Married | $5,032,237$ | $36.6 \%$ | $4,021,017$ | $28.5 \%$ | $9,053,254$ | $32.5 \%$ |
| Ever Married | $8,700,781$ | $63.4 \%$ | $10,089,447$ | $71.5 \%$ | $18,790,228$ | $67.5 \%$ |
| Married | $7,163,095$ | $52.2 \%$ | $7,042,299$ | $49.9 \%$ | $14,205,394$ | $51.0 \%$ |
| Separated | 213,644 | $1.6 \%$ | 374,784 | $2.7 \%$ | 588,428 | $2.1 \%$ |
| Widowed | 237,124 | $1.7 \%$ | $1,221,625$ | $8.7 \%$ | $1,458,749$ | $5.2 \%$ |
| Divorced | $1,086,918$ | $7.9 \%$ | $1,450,739$ | $10.3 \%$ | $2,537,657$ | $9.1 \%$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{1 3 , 7 3 3 , 0 1 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 . 0 \%}$ | $\mathbf{1 4 , 1 1 0 , 4 6 4}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 . 0 \%}$ | $\mathbf{2 7 , 8 4 3 , 4 8 2}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 . 0 \%}$ |

Table 4. Persons (15+) by Marital Status and Age

| Marital Status | Under 30 | $\mathbf{3 0 - 4 4}$ | $\mathbf{4 5 - 5 9}$ | 60 and Over | Total |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Never Married | $5,915,288$ | $1,978,105$ | 883,926 | 275,934 | $9,053,254$ |
| Ever Married | $1,708,440$ | $6,071,293$ | $6,080,738$ | $4,929,756$ | $18,790,228$ |
| Married | $1,489,127$ | $5,180,945$ | $4,537,501$ | $2,997,820$ | $14,205,394$ |
| Separated | 86,951 | 221,593 | 201,667 | 78,218 | 588,428 |
| Widowed | 6,871 | 51,278 | 180,559 | $1,220,041$ | $1,458,749$ |
| Divorced | 125,491 | 617,477 | $1,161,011$ | 633,677 | $2,537,657$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{7 , 6 2 3 , 7 2 8}$ | $\mathbf{8 , 0 4 9 , 3 9 8}$ | $\mathbf{6 , 9 6 4 , 6 6 6}$ | $\mathbf{5 , 2 0 5 , 6 9 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 7 , 8 4 3 , 4 8 2}$ |

Figure 3. Distribution of Persons (15+) by Marital Status and Age


Table 5. Married Persons (15+) by Age and Race/Ethnicity

| Race/Ethnicity | Under 30 | $\mathbf{3 0 - 4 4}$ | $\mathbf{4 5 - 5 9}$ | $\mathbf{6 0}$ and Over | Total |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| White | 491,669 | $2,131,498$ | $2,432,320$ | $1,936,203$ | $6,991,689$ |
| Hispanic | 791,862 | $2,045,123$ | $1,099,647$ | 474,296 | $4,410,929$ |
| Asian | 134,756 | 715,335 | 732,189 | 424,398 | $2,006,678$ |
| Black | 53,184 | 204,505 | 190,178 | 117,875 | 565,741 |
| Total* | $\mathbf{1 , 4 8 9 , 1 2 7}$ | $\mathbf{5 , 1 8 0 , 9 4 5}$ | $\mathbf{4 , 5 3 7 , 5 0 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 , 9 9 7 , 8 2 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 4 , 2 0 5 , 3 9 4}$ |

* Total includes all race/ethnic groups.

Figure 4. Distribution of Married Persons (15+) by Age and Race/Ethnicity


Table 6. Persons (15+) by Marital Status and Race/Ethnicity

| Marital Status | White | Hispanic | Asian | Black | Total* |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Never Married | $3,728,528$ | $3,237,970$ | $1,069,346$ | 757,302 | $9,053,254$ |
| Ever Married | $9,577,141$ | $5,488,769$ | $2,397,205$ | 981,609 | $18,790,228$ |
| Married | $6,991,689$ | $4,410,929$ | $2,006,678$ | 565,741 | $14,205,394$ |
| Separated | 184,083 | 273,919 | 49,238 | 64,975 | 588,428 |
| Widowed | 899,377 | 262,490 | 178,465 | 99,916 | $1,458,749$ |
| Divorced | $1,501,992$ | 541,431 | 162,824 | 250,977 | $2,537,657$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{1 3 , 3 0 5 , 6 6 9}$ | $\mathbf{8 , 7 2 6 , 7 3 9}$ | $\mathbf{3 , 4 6 6 , 5 5 2}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 7 3 8 , 9 1 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 7 , 8 4 3 , 4 8 2}$ |

[^1]Figure 5. Persons (15+) by Marital Status and Race/Ethnicity


Table 7. Never Married Persons (15-44) by Age and Sex

| Age Group | Male |  |  | Female |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Never <br> Married | Total | Percent <br> of Age | Never <br> Married | Total | Percent <br> of Age |
|  | $1,280,135$ | $1,300,721$ | $98.4 \%$ | $1,215,098$ | $1,251,791$ | $97.1 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 - 2 4}$ | $1,150,307$ | $1,319,965$ | $87.1 \%$ | 954,777 | $1,261,202$ | $75.7 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 5 - 2 9}$ | 814,437 | $1,298,083$ | $62.7 \%$ | 500,533 | $1,191,967$ | $42.0 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{3 0 - 3 4}$ | 463,767 | $1,284,445$ | $36.1 \%$ | 347,206 | $1,221,109$ | $28.4 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{3 5 - 3 9}$ | 396,886 | $1,441,617$ | $27.5 \%$ | 264,677 | $1,379,036$ | $19.2 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{4 0 - 4 4}$ | 312,597 | $1,370,462$ | $22.8 \%$ | 192,972 | $1,352,728$ | $14.3 \%$ |

Table 8. Persons (65+) Widowed by Age and Sex

| Age Group | Male |  |  | Female |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Widowed | Total | Percent <br> of Age | Widowed | Total | Percent <br> of Age |
|  | 58,418 | 916,223 | $6.4 \%$ | 270,319 | $1,034,299$ | $26.1 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{7 5 +}$ | 118,380 | 764,179 | $15.5 \%$ | 669,002 | $1,171,047$ | $57.1 \%$ |

Table 9. Persons by Household Size and Race/Ethnicity

| Household Size | White | Hispanic | Asian | Black | Total* |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | $1,976,698$ | 406,713 | 245,527 | 238,366 | $2,929,756$ |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | $4,811,858$ | $1,344,984$ | 807,842 | 547,385 | $7,701,986$ |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | $3,339,390$ | $1,913,419$ | 849,978 | 535,090 | $6,833,692$ |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | $3,433,399$ | $2,776,252$ | $1,212,896$ | 457,625 | $8,105,055$ |
| $\mathbf{5}$ | $1,651,640$ | $2,809,392$ | 671,382 | 231,559 | $5,468,708$ |
| $\mathbf{6 +}$ | 730,803 | $3,286,658$ | 480,870 | 291,267 | $4,900,470$ |
| Total Persons | $\mathbf{1 5 , 9 4 3 , 7 8 9}$ | $\mathbf{1 2 , 5 3 7 , 4 1 8}$ | $\mathbf{4 , 2 6 8 , 4 9 6}$ | $\mathbf{2 , 3 0 1 , 2 9 1}$ | $\mathbf{3 5 , 9 3 9 , 6 6 8}$ |
| Total Households | $\mathbf{6 , 8 3 7 , 8 4 4}$ | $\mathbf{3 , 2 7 6 , 7 2 7}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 4 1 7 , 6 2 1}$ | $\mathbf{8 4 8 , 2 3 3}$ | $\mathbf{1 2 , 6 3 9 , 1 3 6}$ |
| Mean Household Size | $\mathbf{2 . 3}$ | $\mathbf{3 . 8}$ | $\mathbf{3 . 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 . 7}$ | $\mathbf{2 . 8}$ |

* Total includes all race/ethnic groups.

Figure 6. Distribution of Persons by Household Size and Race/Ethnicity


[^2]Figure 7. Mean Household Size by Race/Ethnicity


Table 10. Persons (65+) by Age, Sex, and Household Size

| Age Group | Sex | Household Size |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1 | 2 | 3+ | Total |
| 65-74 | Male | 166,097 | 482,031 | 268,095 | 916,223 |
|  | Female | 244,771 | 494,867 | 294,661 | 1,034,299 |
|  | \% Female | 59.6\% | 50.7\% | 52.4\% | 53.0\% |
| 75+ | Male | 162,146 | 433,665 | 168,368 | 764,179 |
|  | Female | 468,451 | 440,311 | 262,286 | 1,171,047 |
|  | \% Female | 74.3\% | 50.4\% | 60.9\% | 60.5\% |
| Total |  | 1,041,465 | 1,850,873 | 993,410 | 3,885,748 |

Table 11. Households and Persons by Household Size

|  | Households |  |  |  |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $2,929,756$ | $23.2 \%$ | $2,929,756$ | $8.2 \%$ |
|  | $3,771,536$ | $29.8 \%$ | $7,701,986$ | $21.4 \%$ |
|  | $2,198,965$ | $17.4 \%$ | $6,833,692$ | $19.0 \%$ |
|  | $1,964,366$ | $15.5 \%$ | $8,105,055$ | $22.6 \%$ |
|  | $1,067,742$ | $8.4 \%$ | $5,468,708$ | $15.2 \%$ |
|  | 706,772 | $5.6 \%$ | $4,900,470$ | $13.6 \%$ |
|  | $\mathbf{1 2 , 6 3 9 , 1 3 6}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 . 0 \%}$ | $\mathbf{3 5 , 9 3 9 , 6 6 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 . 0 \%}$ |

Figure 8. Distribution of Households and Persons by Household Size


Table 12. Households by Housing Tenure and Household Size

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6+ | Total | Mean |
| Owner-Occupied | 1,390,712 | 2,400,021 | 1,356,266 | 1,265,687 | 646,472 | 419,233 | 7,478,391 | 2.9 |
| Renter-Occupied | 1,539,044 | 1,371,514 | 842,700 | 698,679 | 421,270 | 287,539 | 5,160,745 | 2.6 |
| Total | 2,929,756 | 3,771,536 | 2,198,965 | 1,964,366 | 1,067,742 | 706,772 | 12,639,136 | 2.8 |

Figure 9. Homeownership Rates by Household Size


Table 13. Households by Household Type and Presence of Related Children*

| Household Type |  |  | Number | Percent |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| One Person |  | Male | 1,314,953 | 10.4\% |
|  |  | Female | 1,614,802 | 12.8\% |
| 2+ Persons, Related | Married Couple | With Children | 3,445,698 | 27.3\% |
|  |  | Without Children | 3,041,191 | 24.1\% |
|  | Male Householder, no Spouse Present | With Children | 356,024 | 2.8\% |
|  |  | Without Children | 337,494 | 2.7\% |
|  | Female Householder, no Spouse Present | With Children | 1,089,019 | 8.6\% |
|  |  | Without Children | 551,846 | 4.4\% |
| 2+ Persons, Unrelated |  |  | 888,108 | 7.0\% |
| Total |  |  | 12,639,136 | 100.0\% |

* Includes children related to the householder.

Table 14. Persons (0-17) by Age and Presence of Parents in Family

| Age Group | Both <br> Parents | Father <br> Only | Mother <br> Only | Neither/ <br> Unknown | Total |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $\mathbf{0 - 4}$ | $1,813,306$ | 151,410 | 541,017 | 134,523 | $2,640,256$ |
| $\mathbf{5 - 9}$ | $1,916,727$ | 116,831 | 487,354 | 112,469 | $2,633,381$ |
| $\mathbf{1 0 - 1 4}$ | $1,917,141$ | 148,547 | 631,766 | 125,095 | $2,822,549$ |
| $\mathbf{1 5 - 1 7}$ | $1,062,049$ | 77,292 | 380,797 | 121,605 | $1,641,743$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{6 , 7 0 9 , 2 2 3}$ | $\mathbf{4 9 4 , 0 7 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 , 0 4 0 , 9 3 3}$ | $\mathbf{4 9 3 , 6 9 3}$ | $\mathbf{9 , 7 3 7 , 9 2 8}$ |

## II. Health and Health Insurance

The percentage of Californians who assessed their health as good to excellent was 89.9 percent in 2006. The gender gap in perceived health status was substantial: Men's perception of their health as good to excellent was higher than that of women by 2.6 percentage points ( 91.2 percent of men compared with 88.6 percent of women). The proportion of persons with excellent health status declined with age, from 49 percent for children under age 18 to 11.4 percent for persons age 65 and over. The percentage of the population reporting fair or poor health was only 2.4 percent for children under age 18, 9.5 percent for persons age 18 to 64 , and 33.2 percent for persons age 65 years and over. Blacks were more likely to rate their health as fair or poor than any other race/ethnic group (see Table 15).

Educational attainment and perceived health status were related. Persons who had not completed high school were the least likely to gauge their health as good to excellent ( 76.3 percent). Corresponding rates were higher for high school graduates (81.7 percent), those with some college or an Associate degree ( 87.4 percent), those with a Bachelor's degree ( 92.8 percent), and those with a Master's degree or higher ( 92.6 percent). Natives were more likely to report their health as good to excellent, 90.6 percent of natives compared with 87.7 percent foreign born. Those below poverty were less likely to perceive their health as very good to excellent.

Out of the 35.9 million Californians, an estimated 6.8 million people, or 18.8 percent, had no health insurance in 2006. Men were more likely than women to lack health insurance coverage, 20.9 percent of men were uninsured compared with 16.8 percent of women. The percentage uninsured was highest among persons age 18 to 64 ( 23.9 percent) and lowest among persons age 65 and over ( 3.1 percent). Hispanics were more likely to have been uninsured than any other race/ethnicity group ( 30.5 percent). The percent uninsured declined significantly with higher levels of educational attainment. Uninsured rates were highest among persons with less than a high school degree ( 36.5 percent) and lowest among those with a master's or higher degree ( 6.1 percent). One third of the foreign born had no insurance coverage, compared with only 13 percent of the native born. The uninsured rate among persons below poverty ( 35.5 percent) was higher than those at or above poverty ( 16.2 percent) (see Table 16).

Among the estimated 6.8 million Californians with no health insurance coverage, 81.3 percent were between ages 18 to $64,56.3$ percent were males, and 57.5 percent were Hispanics (see Figure 10).

In 2006, private health insurance plans provided coverage for the majority Californians, covering 62.7 percent of the population. Medicaid was the next most common, covering 15.8 percent (see Table 17).

Among those insured by the state-sponsored health plan (Medicaid), about half were under age 18, 40 percent were between age 18 and 64, and 10 percent were age 65 and over. About 20 percent of those insured under military health care plans were under age 18,53 percent were between age 18 and 64, and 25.5 percent were age 65 and over. Medicare, the federal health insurance plan for the elderly and disabled, covered mostly those 65 years and over ( 86.6 percent). Privately purchased health insurance plans covered 25.8 percent of persons under age $18 ; 65.3$ percent between age 18 and 64 , but only 8.9 percent age 65 and over (see Tables 18 through 21).

Table 15. Self-Reported Health Status by Selected Characteristics

| Demographic Characteristics | Total Number | Percent |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Excellent | Very Good | Good | Fair | Poor |
| Total Population* | 35,939,668 | 33.9\% | 30.5\% | 25.5\% | 7.4\% | 2.8\% |
| Age Group |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under 18 | 9,737,928 | 49.0\% | 29.9\% | 18.8\% | 2.0\% | 0.4\% |
| 18-64 | 22,315,991 | 31.2\% | 32.4\% | 26.9\% | 6.9\% | 2.6\% |
| 65+ | 3,885,748 | 11.4\% | 21.2\% | 34.1\% | 23.3\% | 9.9\% |
| Sex |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 17,877,950 | 35.4\% | 30.2\% | 25.6\% | 6.2\% | 2.6\% |
| Female | 18,061,718 | 32.4\% | 30.8\% | 25.4\% | 8.5\% | 2.9\% |
| Race/Ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White | 15,943,789 | 37.1\% | 30.2\% | 22.1\% | 7.4\% | 3.2\% |
| Hispanic | 12,537,418 | 30.9\% | 30.0\% | 30.2\% | 6.9\% | 2.0\% |
| Asian | 4,268,496 | 31.3\% | 34.8\% | 24.5\% | 7.0\% | 2.5\% |
| Black | 2,301,291 | 32.7\% | 26.6\% | 25.5\% | 11.0\% | 4.1\% |
| Educational Attainment (Persons Age 25+) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Not a High School Graduate | 4,362,723 | 15.9\% | 23.0\% | 37.4\% | 16.7\% | 7.0\% |
| High School Graduate | 5,445,003 | 21.6\% | 27.2\% | 32.9\% | 12.9\% | 5.4\% |
| Some College or Associate Degree | 6,143,077 | 27.3\% | 32.9\% | 27.2\% | 9.2\% | 3.4\% |
| Bachelor's Degree (BA/BS) | 4,551,238 | 35.1\% | 35.7\% | 22.0\% | 5.4\% | 1.8\% |
| Master's Degree or Higher | 2,207,764 | 38.5\% | 34.5\% | 19.6\% | 5.3\% | 2.1\% |
| Nativity |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Native Born | 26,255,564 | 36.9\% | 30.6\% | 23.1\% | 6.7\% | 2.7\% |
| Foreign Born | 9,684,104 | 25.6\% | 30.3\% | 31.8\% | 9.3\% | 3.1\% |
| Poverty Status |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Below Poverty | 4,815,478 | 27.4\% | 29.0\% | 29.1\% | 10.8\% | 3.7\% |
| At or Above Poverty | 31,124,190 | $34.9 \%$ | 30.8\% | 24.9\% | 6.8\% | 2.6\% |

* Total includes all persons.

Table 16. Persons with Health Insurance Coverage Status (2005) by Selected Characteristics

| Demographic Characteristics | Covered | Not <br> Covered | Total | Percent Not Covered |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population* | 29,182,453 | 6,757,215 | 35,939,668 | 18.8\% |
| Age Group |  |  |  |  |
| Under 18 | 8,428,621 | 1,309,307 | 9,737,928 | 13.4\% |
| 18-64 | 16,987,751 | 5,328,240 | 22,315,991 | 23.9\% |
| 65+ | 3,766,080 | 119,668 | 3,885,748 | $3.1 \%$ |
| Sex |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 14,149,938 | 3,728,012 | 17,877,950 | 20.9\% |
| Female | 15,032,515 | 3,029,203 | 18,061,718 | 16.8\% |
| Race/Ethnicity |  |  |  |  |
| White | 14,254,108 | 1,689,681 | 15,943,789 | 10.6\% |
| Hispanic | 8,708,856 | 3,828,562 | 12,537,418 | 30.5\% |
| Asian | 3,522,408 | 746,088 | 4,268,496 | 17.5\% |
| Black | 1,932,202 | 369,089 | 2,301,291 | 16.0\% |
| Educational Attainment (Persons Age 25+) |  |  |  |  |
| Not a High School Graduate | 2,771,480 | 1,591,243 | 4,362,723 | 36.5\% |
| High School Graduate | 4,249,344 | 1,195,659 | 5,445,003 | 22.0\% |
| Some College or Associate Degree | 5,298,002 | 845,075 | 6,143,077 | 13.8\% |
| Bachelor's Degree (BA/BS) | 4,075,609 | 475,629 | 4,551,237 | 10.5\% |
| Master's Degree or Higher | 2,072,788 | 134,975 | 2,207,763 | 6.1\% |
| Nativity |  |  |  |  |
| Native Born | 22,732,674 | 3,522,889 | 26,255,564 | 13.4\% |
| Foreign Born | 6,449,778 | 3,234,325 | 9,684,104 | 33.4\% |
| Poverty Status |  |  |  |  |
| Below Poverty | 3,104,964 | 1,710,513 | 4,815,478 | 35.5\% |
| At or Above Poverty | 26,077,488 | 5,046,701 | 31,124,190 | 16.2\% |

[^3]Figure 10. Proportion Uninsured by Demographic Characteristics ( $\mathrm{N}=6,757,215$ )


Table 17. Persons with Health Insurance (2005) by Type

| Health Plan Type | Number | Percent <br> of Total |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| CHAMPUS, CHAMPVA, VA, or Military | $1,043,036$ | $2.9 \%$ |
| Medicaid ("Medi-Cal") | $5,689,436$ | $15.8 \%$ |
| Medicare | $4,140,638$ | $11.5 \%$ |
| Private | $22,549,708$ | $62.7 \%$ |
| Any Plan | $\mathbf{2 9 , 1 8 2 , 4 5 3}$ | $\mathbf{8 1 . 2 \%}$ |

Table 18. Persons with Medicaid ("Medi-Cal") Coverage (2005) by Age and Sex

| Age Group | Male | Percent <br> of Age | Female | Percent <br> of Age | Total | Percent <br> of Age |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Under 18 | $1,410,821$ | $28.3 \%$ | $1,439,534$ | $30.2 \%$ | $2,850,354$ | $29.3 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{1 8 - 3 4}$ | 390,843 | $8.9 \%$ | 579,664 | $14.1 \%$ | 970,507 | $11.4 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{3 5 - 4 9}$ | 311,195 | $7.4 \%$ | 411,370 | $10.1 \%$ | 722,566 | $8.7 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{5 0 - 6 4}$ | 246,985 | $9.4 \%$ | 307,621 | $10.5 \%$ | 554,606 | $10.0 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{6 5 +}$ | 208,542 | $12.4 \%$ | 382,862 | $17.4 \%$ | 591,404 | $15.2 \%$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{2 , 5 6 8 , 3 8 5}$ | $\mathbf{1 4 . 4 \%}$ | $\mathbf{3 , 1 2 1 , 0 5 1}$ | $\mathbf{1 7 . 3 \%}$ | $\mathbf{5 , 6 8 9 , 4 3 6}$ | $\mathbf{1 5 . 8 \%}$ |

Table 19. Persons with CHAMPUS, CHAMPVA, VA, or Military Health Care Coverage (2005) by Age and Sex

| Age Group | Male | Percent <br> of Age | Female | Percent <br> of Age | Total | Percent <br> of Age |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Under $\mathbf{1 8}$ | 110,355 | $2.2 \%$ | 113,569 | $2.4 \%$ | 223,924 | $2.3 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{1 8 - 6 4}$ | 322,249 | $2.9 \%$ | 230,371 | $2.1 \%$ | 552,620 | $2.5 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{6 5 +}$ | 144,135 | $8.6 \%$ | 122,357 | $5.5 \%$ | 266,491 | $6.9 \%$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{5 7 6 , 7 3 8}$ | $\mathbf{3 . 2 \%}$ | $\mathbf{4 6 6 , 2 9 7}$ | $\mathbf{2 . 6 \%}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 0 4 3 , 0 3 6}$ | $\mathbf{2 . 9 \%}$ |

Table 20. Persons with Medicare Health Insurance Coverage* (2005) by Age and Sex

| Age Group | Male | Percent <br> of Age | Female | Percent <br> of Age | Total | Percent <br> of Age |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $\mathbf{0 - 6 4}$ | 256,714 | $1.6 \%$ | 298,869 | $1.9 \%$ | 555,584 | $1.7 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{6 5 - 7 4}$ | 807,109 | $88.1 \%$ | 936,345 | $90.5 \%$ | $1,743,453$ | $89.4 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{7 5 +}$ | 729,859 | $95.5 \%$ | $1,111,742$ | $94.9 \%$ | $1,841,601$ | $95.2 \%$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{1 , 7 9 3 , 6 8 2}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 . 0 \%}$ | $\mathbf{2 , 3 4 6 , 9 5 6}$ | $\mathbf{1 3 . 0 \%}$ | $\mathbf{4 , 1 4 0 , 6 3 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 1 . 5 \%}$ |

* Only includes the non-institutional population. By design, the CPS excludes the
institutional population and so underestimates the number of persons covered by Medicare.

Table 21. Persons with Private Health Insurance Coverage (2005) by Age and Sex

| Age Group | Male | Percent <br> of Age | Female | Percent <br> of Age | Total | Percent <br> of Age |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Under 18 | $2,997,543$ | $60.2 \%$ | $2,825,555$ | $59.4 \%$ | $5,823,098$ | $59.8 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{1 8 - 3 4}$ | $2,425,239$ | $55.5 \%$ | $2,403,770$ | $58.4 \%$ | $4,829,009$ | $56.9 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{3 5 - 4 9}$ | $2,965,068$ | $70.2 \%$ | $2,929,751$ | $72.2 \%$ | $5,894,819$ | $71.2 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{5 0 - 6 4}$ | $1,866,697$ | $71.0 \%$ | $2,123,409$ | $72.7 \%$ | $3,990,106$ | $71.9 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{6 5 +}$ | 940,043 | $55.9 \%$ | $1,072,635$ | $48.6 \%$ | $2,012,678$ | $51.8 \%$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{1 1 , 1 9 4 , 5 8 9}$ | $\mathbf{6 2 . 6 \%}$ | $\mathbf{1 1 , 3 5 5 , 1 1 9}$ | $\mathbf{6 2 . 9 \%}$ | $\mathbf{2 2 , 5 4 9 , 7 0 8}$ | $\mathbf{6 2 . 7 \%}$ |

## III. Mobility

Between March 2005 and March 2006, about 14 percent of California residents age 1 year and older moved. Over two-thirds, 70.9 percent, moved within the same county; 18 percent moved between counties within the same state; 7 percent moved to California from different states; and 4.1 percent moved to California from abroad (Table 22).

Young adults in their twenties and early thirties had the highest rates of moving, 24.3 percent. Overall, movers were younger than nonmovers. The median age of movers was 26; that of nonmovers was 36 . Men were more likely to move than women. Blacks were the most mobile group ( 20.5 percent), followed by Hispanics ( 15.9 percent). Foreign-born persons were more likely to have moved.

As observed in the distribution of movers by marital status, widowed persons were the least likely to have moved. Educational attainment had inconsistent effect on moving rates, ranging from 10.5 percent for those with Master's or higher degree to 12.6 percent for those with Bachelor's degree. During the year, unemployed persons age 16 and over were more likely to have moved, 21.1 percent compared with 14.8 percent of those employed. One in four Californians living in renter-occupied housing units changed their place of residence between March 2005 and March 2006, compared with 7.3 percent of those living in owner-occupied housing units (see Table 23).

As shown in Table 24, the State received substantial movers from states in the West and South. Among persons who moved to California from other states, males accounted for 51.8 percent and females 48.2 percent. Likewise, males represented 51.3 percent and females 48.7 percent of movers from California to other states (see Table 25). During the year, more family households than nonfamily households moved out of California. Overall, more persons reported moving out of California than moving to California between March 2005 and March 2006 (see Table 26).

Table 22. Type of Move for Persons Moving

| Type of Move* | Number | Percent |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| From Abroad | 202,421 | $4.1 \%$ |
| From a Different State | 346,466 | $7.0 \%$ |
| Different County, Within California | 891,765 | $18.0 \%$ |
| Same County | $3,512,846$ | $70.9 \%$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{4 , 9 5 3 , 4 9 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 . 0 \%}$ |

* Applies only to persons age 1 and over living in California in March 2005.

Table 23. Persons by Mobility Status and Selected Characteristics

| Characteristics | Non-Movers | Movers | Total | Percent Moved |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population* | 30,439,920 | 4,953,498 | 35,393,418 | 14.0\% |
| Age Group |  |  |  |  |
| 1-20 | 8,868,923 | 1,713,752 | 10,582,676 | 16.2\% |
| 21-34 | 5,370,229 | 1,726,314 | 7,096,543 | 24.3\% |
| 35-49 | 7,245,271 | 1,034,462 | 8,279,733 | 12.5\% |
| 50-64 | 5,215,207 | 333,511 | 5,548,719 | 6.0\% |
| 65+ | 3,740,290 | 145,458 | 3,885,748 | 3.7\% |
| Median Age | 36 | 26 | 35 |  |
| Sex |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 15,005,777 | 2,594,162 | 17,599,938 | 14.7\% |
| Female | 15,434,143 | 2,359,337 | 17,793,480 | 13.3\% |
| Race/Ethnicity |  |  |  |  |
| White | 13,987,247 | 1,777,628 | 15,764,874 | 11.3\% |
| Hispanic | 10,317,699 | 1,955,832 | 12,273,531 | 15.9\% |
| Asian | 3,625,927 | 587,030 | 4,212,957 | 13.9\% |
| Black | 1,798,103 | 465,025 | 2,263,128 | 20.5\% |
| Nativity |  |  |  |  |
| Native Born | 22,236,182 | 3,480,681 | 25,716,863 | 13.5\% |
| Foreign Born | 8,203,738 | 1,472,817 | 9,676,555 | 15.2\% |
| Marital Status (Persons Age 15+) |  |  |  |  |
| Never Married | 7,393,356 | 1,659,898 | 9,053,254 | 18.3\% |
| Married | 12,709,146 | 1,496,247 | 14,205,394 | 10.5\% |
| Separated | 476,889 | 111,540 | 588,428 | 19.0\% |
| Widowed | 1,378,766 | 79,983 | 1,458,749 | 5.5\% |
| Divorced | 2,151,725 | 385,932 | 2,537,657 | 15.2\% |
| Educational Attainment (Persons Age 25+) |  |  |  |  |
| Not a High School Graduate | 3,827,048 | 535,675 | 4,362,723 | 12.3\% |
| High School Graduate | 4,769,100 | 675,902 | 5,445,003 | 12.4\% |
| Some College or Associate Degree | 5,465,678 | 677,399 | 6,143,077 | 11.0\% |
| Bachelor's Degree (BA/BS) | 3,977,748 | 573,490 | 4,551,237 | 12.6\% |
| Master's Degree or Higher | 1,975,600 | 232,164 | 2,207,763 | 10.5\% |
| Employment Status (Persons Age 16+) |  |  |  |  |
| Employed | 14,205,728 | 2,463,809 | 16,669,538 | 14.8\% |
| Unemployed | 731,112 | 195,926 | 927,038 | 21.1\% |
| Housing Tenure (Persons Age 1+) |  |  |  |  |
| Owner-Occupied | 20,085,375 | 1,589,112 | 21,674,487 | 7.3\% |
| Renter-Occupied | 10,354,545 | 3,364,386 | 13,718,931 | 24.5\% |

* Applies only to persons age 1 and over living in California in March 2005.

Table 24. Persons Moving to California by U.S. Region of Former Residence

| To California: |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| From Other States in: | Number | Percent |
| Midwest | 71,294 | $20.6 \%$ |
| Northeast | 40,680 | $11.7 \%$ |
| South | 112,987 | $32.6 \%$ |
| West | 121,505 | $35.1 \%$ |
| Total* | $\mathbf{3 4 6 , 4 6 6}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 . 0 \%}$ |

* Applies only to persons age 1 and over living in California in March 2005.

Table 25. Persons (by Sex) and Households Moving to/from California from/to Other States

| Characteristics | To: California <br> From: Another State |  | From: California <br> To: Another State |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Number | Percent | Number | Percent |
| Male | $\mathbf{3 4 6 , 4 6 6}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 . 0 \%}$ | $\mathbf{5 0 5 , 1 0 2}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 . 0 \%}$ |
| Female | 179,613 | $51.8 \%$ | 258,913 | $51.3 \%$ |
| Households | 166,853 | $48.2 \%$ | 246,189 | $48.7 \%$ |
| Family Household | $\mathbf{1 1 9 , 3 0 1}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 . 0 \%}$ | $\mathbf{1 8 3 , 3 2 7}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 . 0 \%}$ |
| Nonfamily Household | 59,033 | $49.5 \%$ | 110,186 | $60.1 \%$ |

* Applies only to persons age 1 and over living in California in March 2005.

Table 26. Persons Moving to/from California from/to Other States by Age

| Age Group | To: California <br> From: Another State |  | From: California <br> To: Another State |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Number | Percent | Number | Percent |
|  | 115,103 | $33.2 \%$ | 139,488 | $27.6 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 1 - 3 4}$ | 146,684 | $42.3 \%$ | 133,394 | $26.4 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{3 5 - 4 9}$ | 66,392 | $19.2 \%$ | 125,981 | $24.9 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{5 0 +}$ | 18,288 | $5.3 \%$ | 106,239 | $21.0 \%$ |
| Total $^{*}$ | $\mathbf{3 4 6 , 4 6 6}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 . 0 \%}$ | $\mathbf{5 0 5 , 1 0 2}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 . 0 \%}$ |

* Applies only to persons age 1 and over living in California in March 2005.


## IV. Foreign Born

In March 2006, an estimated 9.7 million people, or about 26.9 percent of California's population, were foreign-born (see Table 27). Figure 11 shows that, regardless of nativity, gender distributions by age were symmetrical, but age distribution by nativity showed very different patterns. Over three quarters of the foreign-born population were in the working age group, compared with only half of the native born. Roughly 40 percent of the native born were under age 20, compared with less than 10 percent of the foreign born. The majority of the foreign born ( 54.3 percent) were Hispanics, followed by Asians (27.1 percent). Whites made up 55 percent of the native born and 15.5 percent of the foreign born (see Table 28).

In terms of region of birth, almost half of the foreign born were from North America (mainly Mexico) and over a quarter were from Asia (see Table 29 and Appendix D for details). Over 75 percent of the Asian foreign born were from five Asian countries: Philippines ( 28.1 percent), China (13.6 percent), Vietnam (12 percent), South Korea (11.7 percent) and India (10 percent).

As of March 2006, six out of ten foreign-born persons had been in the U.S. for about 20 years or less and four out of ten had been here for more than 20 years. About 40 percent of the foreign born had become naturalized. The likelihood of becoming a naturalized citizen is directly correlated with the longevity of U.S. residence: nearly 63 percent of the foreign born who entered the U.S. prior to 1990 had become naturalized citizens, but only 17.3 percent of those who entered between 1990 and 2006 (see Table 30 and Figure 12). Mexico was the leading country of birth of the foreign born: Of the estimated 9.7 million foreign born in California, 44.5 percent were born in Mexico (see Table 31). The Vietnamese had the highest rate of naturalization (71.4 percent) and Mexicans, the lowest (see Figure 13).

Table 27. Persons by Age, Sex, and Nativity

| Age Group | Foreign Born |  |  |  | Native |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | :---: |
|  | Male | Female | Total | Male | Female | Total |  |
| $\mathbf{0 - 9}$ | 121,390 | 112,841 | 234,231 | $2,573,161$ | $2,466,245$ | $5,039,406$ |  |
| $\mathbf{1 0 - 1 9}$ | 329,548 | 290,109 | 619,657 | $2,421,554$ | $2,333,849$ | $4,755,403$ |  |
| $\mathbf{2 0 - 2 9}$ | 872,047 | 746,616 | $1,618,663$ | $1,746,000$ | $1,706,554$ | $3,452,554$ |  |
| $\mathbf{3 0 - 3 9}$ | $1,195,274$ | $1,048,979$ | $2,244,253$ | $1,530,788$ | $1,551,166$ | $3,081,955$ |  |
| $\mathbf{4 0 - 4 9}$ | $1,045,496$ | $1,030,558$ | $2,076,054$ | $1,734,678$ | $1,648,347$ | $3,383,025$ |  |
| $\mathbf{5 0 - 5 9}$ | 622,141 | 743,340 | $1,365,481$ | $1,376,204$ | $1,487,092$ | $2,863,296$ |  |
| $\mathbf{6 0 - 6 9}$ | 357,446 | 406,917 | 764,363 | 788,684 | 868,145 | $1,656,830$ |  |
| $\mathbf{7 0 - 7 9}$ | 191,538 | 305,449 | 496,987 | 592,219 | 619,433 | $1,211,651$ |  |
| $\mathbf{8 0 +}$ | 102,340 | 162,074 | 264,414 | 277,441 | 534,003 | 811,444 |  |
| Total | $\mathbf{4 , 8 3 7 , 2 2 1}$ | $\mathbf{4 , 8 4 6 , 8 8 3}$ | $\mathbf{9 , 6 8 4 , 1 0 4}$ | $\mathbf{1 3 , 0 4 0 , 7 2 9}$ | $\mathbf{1 3 , 2 1 4 , 8 3 5}$ | $\mathbf{2 6 , 2 5 5 , 5 6 4}$ |  |

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Figure 11. Distribution of Persons by Age, Sex, and Nativity


Table 28. Persons by Race/Ethnicity and Nativity

| Race/Ethnicity |  | Foreign Born |  | Total |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Native | Naturalized | Non Citizen |  |
| White | $14,443,426$ | 838,446 | 661,916 | $15,943,789$ |
| Hispanic | $7,282,621$ | $1,405,664$ | $3,849,133$ | $12,537,418$ |
| Asian | $1,639,787$ | $1,547,449$ | $1,081,259$ | $4,268,496$ |
| Black | $2,103,076$ | 83,621 | 114,594 | $2,301,291$ |
| Total* | $\mathbf{2 6 , 2 5 5 , 5 6 4}$ | $\mathbf{3 , 9 2 9 , 1 6 1}$ | $\mathbf{5 , 7 5 4 , 9 4 3}$ | $\mathbf{3 5 , 9 3 9 , 6 6 8}$ |

[^4]Table 29. Foreign-Born Persons by Regions of Birth

| Region of Birth | Number | Percent |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Oceania | 51,112 | $0.5 \%$ |
| Caribbean | 71,026 | $0.7 \%$ |
| Africa | 112,035 | $1.2 \%$ |
| South America | 241,540 | $2.5 \%$ |
| Middle East | 389,794 | $4.0 \%$ |
| Europe | 611,565 | $6.3 \%$ |
| Central America | 867,817 | $9.0 \%$ |
| Asia | $2,777,079$ | $28.7 \%$ |
| North America | $4,447,787$ | $45.9 \%$ |
| Elsewhere | 114,349 | $1.2 \%$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{9 , 6 8 4 , 1 0 4}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 . 0 \%}$ |

Table 30. Foreign-Born Persons by Year of Entry and Citizenship Status

| Year of Entry | Naturalized |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Number | Percent | Non Citizen | Foreign Born |
| Before $\mathbf{1 9 7 5}$ | $1,138,406$ | $73.1 \%$ |  | $1,558,268$ |
| $\mathbf{1 9 7 5 - 1 9 7 9}$ | 619,908 | $68.8 \%$ | 281,774 | 901,682 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 8 0} \mathbf{- 1 9 8 5}$ | 866,422 | $61.8 \%$ | 534,539 | $1,400,960$ |
| $\mathbf{1 9 8 6 - 1 9 8 9}$ | 482,671 | $44.4 \%$ | 604,885 | $1,087,556$ |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 0}-\mathbf{1 9 9 5}$ | 548,680 | $30.4 \%$ | $1,255,342$ | $1,804,022$ |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 6}-\mathbf{1 9 9 9}$ | 172,987 | $16.4 \%$ | 878,749 | $1,051,736$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 0}-\mathbf{2 0 0 6} *$ | 98,059 | $5.2 \%$ | $1,779,791$ | $1,877,850$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{3 , 9 2 7 , 1 3 2}$ | $\mathbf{4 0 . 6 \%}$ | $\mathbf{5 , 7 5 4 , 9 4 3}$ | $\mathbf{9 , 6 8 2 , 0 7 4}$ |

* Through March 2006

Table 31. Foreign-Born Persons by Country of Birth* and Citizenship Status

| Country of Birth* | Naturalized |  |  | Total |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Number | Percent | Non Citizen |  |
| Mexico | $1,067,414$ | $24.8 \%$ | $3,241,836$ | $4,309,250$ |
| Philippines | 477,435 | $61.1 \%$ | 304,103 | 781,538 |
| El Salvador | 131,347 | $30.6 \%$ | 298,359 | 429,706 |
| China | 222,611 | $59.0 \%$ | 154,670 | 377,281 |
| Vietnam | 238,479 | $71.4 \%$ | 95,577 | 334,056 |
| Elsewhere | $1,791,874$ | $51.9 \%$ | $1,660,399$ | $3,452,273$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{3 , 9 2 9 , 1 6 1}$ | $\mathbf{4 0 . 6 \%}$ | $\mathbf{5 , 7 5 4 , 9 4 3}$ | $\mathbf{9 , 6 8 4 , 1 0 4}$ |

* Top five countries

Figure 12. Distribution of Foreign-Born Persons by Year of Entry and Citizenship Status


Figure 13. Distribution of Foreign-Born Persons by Country of Birth* and Citizenship Status


* Top five countries


## V. Educational Attainment

Nearly 81 percent of Californians age 25 and over had earned a high school diploma or higher and 30 percent had a Bachelor's degree or higher. Significant differences in educational attainment were observed between race/ethnic groups. Whites had the highest percentage of persons with at least a high school diploma ( 93.2 percent) and Asians had the highest percentage with a Bachelor's degree or higher, 48.2 percent. Hispanics were more likely than any other race to not earn a high school diploma ( 45.3 percent) (see Figure 14).

About half of noncitizens and a quarter of naturalized citizens were not high school graduates compared with 8.4 percent of native born (see Table 33). Although nine out of ten native born had at least a high school diploma, this was the case for only three-quarters of naturalized citizens and about half of noncitizens (see Figure 15). Men had only slightly higher high school completion rates, 81.2 percent than women, 80.4 percent (see Table 34). The proportion of men with at least a Bachelor's (BA/BS) degree, 30.8 percent, was higher than for women, 28.8 percent (see Table 35).

The strong correlation between personal income and educational attainment is illustrated in Figure 16. The majority of persons with a Master's degree or higher ( 54.2 percent) and over one-third of those with a BA/BS degree ( 35.7 percent) had an annual income of $\$ 60,000$ or more. In contrast, 8.1 percent of persons with only a high school diploma and 2.3 percent of those without a high school diploma had the same high level of income. Persons with an annual income of less than $\$ 10,000$ included 41.8 percent of persons with less than a high school education, 29 percent of those with a high school diploma, 16.4 percent of those with a BA/BS degree and 9.6 percent of persons with a Master's degree or higher. Regardless of race/ethnicity and sex, median personal income generally increased with higher levels of educational attainment (see Figures 17 and 18).

Table 32. Persons (25+) by Educational Attainment and Race/Ethnicity

| Educational Attainment | White | Hispanic | Asian | Black | Total ${ }^{*}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Not a High School Graduate | 765,889 | $3,028,147$ | 325,748 | 181,850 | $4,362,723$ |
| High School Graduate | $2,592,975$ | $1,762,498$ | 570,623 | 429,242 | $5,445,003$ |
| Some College or Associate Degree | $3,669,355$ | $1,285,777$ | 592,207 | 414,524 | $6,143,077$ |
| Bachelor's Degree | $2,792,660$ | 448,949 | 979,674 | 252,540 | $4,551,238$ |
| Master's Degree or Higher | $1,504,572$ | 163,436 | 405,504 | 103,712 | $2,207,763$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{1 1 , 3 2 5 , 4 5 0}$ | $\mathbf{6 , 6 8 8 , 8 0 8}$ | $\mathbf{2 , 8 7 3 , 7 5 6}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 3 8 1 , 8 6 8}$ | $\mathbf{2 2 , 7 0 9 , 8 0 3}$ |
| Median Years Completed | $\mathbf{1 3 . 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 1 . 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 4 . 4}$ | $\mathbf{1 2 . 9}$ | $\mathbf{1 3 . 4}$ |
| Average Years Completed | $\mathbf{1 4 . 2}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 . 4}$ | $\mathbf{1 4 . 1}$ | $\mathbf{1 3 . 4}$ | $\mathbf{1 3 . 0}$ |

* Total includes all race/ethnic groups.

Figure 14. Distribution of Persons (25+) by Educational Attainment and Race/Ethnicity


Table 33. Persons (25+) by Educational Attainment and Nativity

| Educational Attainment |  | Foreign-Born |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  |  | Naturalized | Non Citizen | Total |
| Not a High School Graduate | $1,230,295$ | 915,856 | $2,216,572$ | $4,362,723$ |
| High School Graduate | $3,623,066$ | 825,091 | 996,846 | $5,445,003$ |
| Some College or Associate Degree | $4,909,397$ | 708,790 | 524,890 | $6,143,077$ |
| Bachelor's Degree | $3,215,056$ | 822,231 | 513,951 | $4,551,237$ |
| Master's Degree or Higher | $1,608,459$ | 345,315 | 253,989 | $2,207,763$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{1 4 , 5 8 6 , 2 7 2}$ | $\mathbf{3 , 6 1 7 , 2 8 3}$ | $\mathbf{4 , 5 0 6 , 2 4 8}$ | $\mathbf{2 2 , 7 0 9 , 8 0 3}$ |
| Median Years Completed | $\mathbf{1 3 . 5}$ | $\mathbf{1 3 . 6}$ | $\mathbf{1 1 . 9}$ | $\mathbf{1 3 . 4}$ |
| Average Years Completed | $\mathbf{1 4 . 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 2 . 6}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 . 2}$ | $\mathbf{1 3 . 0}$ |

Figure 15. Distribution of Persons (25+) by Educational Attainment and Nativity



Table 34. Persons (25+) Reporting a High School Diploma or Higher by Age and Sex

| Age Group |  |  |  |  |  | Percent |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | $2,018,665$ | $78.2 \%$ | $1,957,894$ | $81.1 \%$ | $3,976,559$ | $79.6 \%$ |
|  | $3,444,195$ | $81.6 \%$ | $3,345,048$ | $82.4 \%$ | $6,789,243$ | $82.0 \%$ |
|  | $2,221,482$ | $84.5 \%$ | $2,419,279$ | $82.8 \%$ | $4,640,760$ | $83.6 \%$ |
|  | $1,334,392$ | $79.4 \%$ | $1,606,126$ | $72.8 \%$ | $2,940,518$ | $75.7 \%$ |
|  | $\mathbf{9 , 0 1 8 , 7 3 4}$ | $\mathbf{8 1 . 2 \%}$ | $\mathbf{9 , 3 2 8 , 3 4 7}$ | $\mathbf{8 0 . 4 \%}$ | $\mathbf{1 8 , 3 4 7 , 0 8 1}$ | $\mathbf{8 0 . 8 \%}$ |

Table 35. Persons (25+) Reporting a BA/BS Degree or Higher by Age and Sex

| Age Group | Male | Percent <br> of Age | Female | Percent <br> of Age | Total | Percent <br> of Age |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $\mathbf{2 5 - 3 4}$ | 641,301 | $24.8 \%$ | 750,766 | $31.1 \%$ | $1,392,067$ | $27.9 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{3 5 - 4 9}$ | $1,308,003$ | $31.0 \%$ | $1,289,127$ | $31.8 \%$ | $2,597,130$ | $31.4 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{5 0 - 6 4}$ | 923,595 | $35.1 \%$ | 920,394 | $31.5 \%$ | $1,843,989$ | $33.2 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{6 5 +}$ | 549,264 | $32.7 \%$ | 376,550 | $17.1 \%$ | 925,814 | $23.8 \%$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{3 , 4 2 2 , 1 6 4}$ | $\mathbf{3 0 . 8 \%}$ | $\mathbf{3 , 3 3 6 , 8 3 7}$ | $\mathbf{2 8 . 8 \%}$ | $\mathbf{6 , 7 5 9 , 0 0 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 9 . 8 \%}$ |

Table 36. Persons (25+) with a BA/BS Degree or Higher by Degree Type and Sex

| Highest Degree Attained | Male | Female | Total |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Bachelor's Degree (BA, BS, AB, etc.) | $2,186,557$ | $2,364,680$ | $4,551,238$ |
| Master's Degree (MA, MS, MBA, etc.) | 808,903 | 687,936 | $1,496,839$ |
| Professional or Doctorate Degree (PhD, Md, LLB, etc.) | 426,703 | 284,221 | 710,925 |
| Total | $\mathbf{3 , 4 2 2 , 1 6 4}$ | $\mathbf{3 , 3 3 6 , 8 3 7}$ | $\mathbf{6 , 7 5 9 , 0 0 1}$ |

Table 37. Persons (25+) by Educational Attainment and Personal Income (2005)

| Attainment | Less than <br> $\mathbf{\$ 9 , 9 9 9}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 1 0 , 0 0 0 -}$ <br> $\mathbf{\$ 2 4 , 9 9 9}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 2 5 , 0 0 0 -}$ <br> $\mathbf{\$ 3 9 , 9 9 9}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 4 0 , 0 0 0 -}$ <br> $\mathbf{\$ 5 9 , 9 9 9}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 6 0 , 0 0 0}$ <br> and Over | Total | Median <br> Income |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Not a High School Graduate | $1,822,293$ | $1,618,027$ | 599,973 | 224,184 | 98,245 | $4,362,723$ | $\$ 12,000$ |
| High School Graduate | $1,579,759$ | $1,648,454$ | $1,121,772$ | 653,532 | 441,486 | $5,445,003$ | $\$ 19,449$ |
| Some College/Associate Degree | $1,200,509$ | $1,463,096$ | $1,188,683$ | $1,096,115$ | $1,194,675$ | $6,143,077$ | $\$ 29,610$ |
| Bachelor's Degree | 747,914 | 689,922 | 667,172 | 821,910 | $1,624,320$ | $4,551,238$ | $\$ 42,000$ |
| Master's Degree or Higher | 212,762 | 261,690 | 218,201 | 319,441 | $1,195,670$ | $2,207,764$ | $\$ 62,115$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{5 , 5 6 3 , 2 3 7}$ | $\mathbf{5 , 6 8 1 , 1 8 9}$ | $\mathbf{3 , 7 9 5 , 8 0 1}$ | $\mathbf{3 , 1 1 5 , 1 8 1}$ | $\mathbf{4 , 5 5 4 , 3 9 5}$ | $\mathbf{2 2 , 7 0 9 , 8 0 3}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 2 5 , 0 0 0}$ |

Figure 16. Distribution of Persons (25+) by Educational Attainment and Personal Income (2005)


Table 38. Median Personal Income (2005) for Persons (25+) by Educational Attainment and Race/Ethnicity

| Attainment | Median Personal Income |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | White | Hispanic | Asian | Black | Total* |
| Not a High School Graduate | $\$ 12,000$ | $\$ 12,000$ | $\$ 9,960$ | $\$ 10,946$ | $\$ 12,000$ |
| High School Graduate | $\$ 20,000$ | $\$ 20,000$ | $\$ 15,462$ | $\$ 14,320$ | $\$ 19,449$ |
| Some College or Associate Degree | $\$ 30,820$ | $\$ 27,500$ | $\$ 22,548$ | $\$ 27,430$ | $\$ 29,610$ |
| Bachelor's Degree | $\$ 47,650$ | $\$ 35,000$ | $\$ 38,000$ | $\$ 36,400$ | $\$ 42,000$ |
| Master's Degree or Higher | $\$ 65,350$ | $\$ 50,000$ | $\$ 60,000$ | $\$ 65,000$ | $\$ 62,115$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{3 2 , 1 5 0}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 1 8 , 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 2 5 , 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 2 2 , 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 2 5 , 0 0 0}$ |

* Total includes all race/ethnic groups.

Figure 17. Median Personal Income (2005) for Persons (25+) by Educational Attainment and Race/Ethnicity


Table 39. Median Personal Income (2005) for Persons (25+) by Educational Attainment and Sex

| Attainment | Median Personal Income |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Male | Female | Total |
| Elementary | $\$ 16,000$ | $\$ 7,308$ | $\$ 10,700$ |
| Some High School | $\$ 20,500$ | $\$ 9,338$ | $\$ 14,000$ |
| High School Graduate | $\$ 26,000$ | $\$ 13,257$ | $\$ 19,449$ |
| Some College | $\$ 36,500$ | $\$ 20,000$ | $\$ 28,005$ |
| Associate | $\$ 44,000$ | $\$ 25,000$ | $\$ 31,398$ |
| Bachelor's | $\$ 53,500$ | $\$ 35,000$ | $\$ 42,000$ |
| Master's | $\$ 72,253$ | $\$ 45,000$ | $\$ 60,000$ |
| Professional | $\$ 88,010$ | $\$ 65,870$ | $\$ 80,226$ |
| Doctorate | $\$ 75,264$ | $\$ 63,701$ | $\$ 67,766$ |
| Total | $\$ \mathbf{3 3 , 2 8 0}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 1 6 , 9 7 6}$ | $\$ \mathbf{2 5 , 0 0 0}$ |

Figure 18. Median Personal Income (2005) for Persons (25+) by Educational Attainment and Sex


## VI. Labor Force Characteristics

Of the 27.2 million Californians age 16 and over in 2006, 17.6 million persons were in the civilian labor force ${ }^{2}$ ( 64.7 percent) and over a third ( 35.3 percent) were not (see Table 40). Women comprised 62.7 percent of the persons not in the labor force. Males accounted for 55.6 percent of the labor force and females 44.4 percent. Males were more likely to be in the labor force than females (see Figure 19). Whites made up almost half of the labor force ( 46.7 percent); Hispanics accounted for one-third ( 32.9 percent); Asians, 12.2 percent; and Blacks, 6 percent (see Table 41 ). The State's unemployment rate in March 2006 was 5.3 percent. Blacks had the highest unemployment rate ( 9.8 percent) and Whites, the lowest (4 percent).

Across industries, the highest percentages of employed persons were working in educational and health services (19.5 percent); 14.9 percent in wholesale and retail trade; 12.8 percent in professional and business services; and 10.4 percent in manufacturing. Mining had the lowest share of employment in the state ( 0.1 percent), but also had the highest median earnings, $\$ 65,000$ (see Table 42). Across occupations, 20.7 percent of workers were in professional and related occupations; 17.2 percent were in service occupations; only 1.1 percent were in farming, fishing and forestry occupations. Management, business and financial occupations had the highest median earnings, $\$ 58,000$ (see Table 43).

One out of every six families had no employed civilians (see Table 44). The percentage of families with three or more employed civilians was 10.6; two employed civilians, 37.3; and one employed civilian, 36. Families with no employed civilians had the lowest median income $(\$ 25,649)$ and those with three or more employed civilians had the highest ( $\$ 88,120$ ).

Table 40. Persons (16+) by Age, Civilian Labor Force Participation, and Sex

| Age Group | In Civilian Labor Force |  |  | Not in Labor Force |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Male | Female | Total | Male | Female | Total |
| $\mathbf{1 6 - 1 9}$ | 356,858 | 341,330 | 698,188 | 674,558 | 653,248 | $1,327,806$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 - 2 4}$ | 989,505 | 833,575 | $1,823,080$ | 310,405 | 427,627 | 738,032 |
| $\mathbf{2 5 - 2 9}$ | $1,127,558$ | 824,102 | $1,951,660$ | 146,796 | 367,865 | 514,661 |
| $\mathbf{3 0 - 3 4}$ | $1,183,530$ | 856,784 | $2,040,314$ | 87,758 | 357,982 | 445,740 |
| $\mathbf{3 5 - 3 9}$ | $1,297,362$ | 957,434 | $2,254,796$ | 130,492 | 419,748 | 550,240 |
| $\mathbf{4 0 - 4 4}$ | $1,230,133$ | 983,377 | $2,213,510$ | 124,561 | 364,868 | 489,429 |
| $\mathbf{4 5 - 4 9}$ | $1,264,906$ | 975,605 | $2,240,511$ | 139,901 | 350,572 | 490,473 |
| $\mathbf{5 0 - 5 4}$ | 889,906 | 812,085 | $1,701,991$ | 166,107 | 352,092 | 518,199 |
| $\mathbf{5 5 - 5 9}$ | 713,901 | 690,433 | $1,404,334$ | 225,366 | 375,822 | 601,188 |
| $\mathbf{6 0 - 6 4}$ | 402,061 | 290,968 | 693,029 | 227,206 | 399,708 | 626,914 |
| $\mathbf{6 5 +}$ | 330,566 | 244,596 | 575,162 | $1,349,836$ | $1,960,749$ | $3,310,585$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{9 , 7 8 6 , 2 8 6}$ | $\mathbf{7 , 8 1 0 , 2 8 9}$ | $\mathbf{1 7 , 5 9 6 , 5 7 5}$ | $\mathbf{3 , 5 8 2 , 9 8 5}$ | $\mathbf{6 , 0 3 0 , 2 8 0}$ | $\mathbf{9 , 6 1 3 , 2 6 5}$ |

[^5]Figure 19. Persons (16+) by Age, Civilian Labor Force Participation Rate, and Sex


Table 41. Persons (16+) by Employment Status and Race/Ethnicity

| Civilian Labor Force | White | Hispanic | Asian | Black | Total* |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Employed | $7,901,227$ | $5,400,264$ | $2,045,126$ | 956,397 | $16,669,538$ |
| Unemployed | 324,987 | 383,896 | 95,610 | 103,625 | 927,038 |
| Total | $\mathbf{8 , 2 2 6 , 2 1 4}$ | $\mathbf{5 , 7 8 4 , 1 6 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 , 1 4 0 , 7 3 6}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 0 6 0 , 0 2 3}$ | $\mathbf{1 7 , 5 9 6 , 5 7 5}$ |
| \% Unemployed | $\mathbf{4 . 0 \%}$ | $\mathbf{6 . 6 \%}$ | $\mathbf{4 . 5 \%}$ | $\mathbf{9 . 8 \%}$ | $\mathbf{5 . 3 \%}$ |

* Total includes all race/ethnic groups.

Table 42. Persons (16+, Employed*) by Major Industrial Group and Mean and Median Earnings (2005)


* Includes both full and part-time employees.

Table 43. Persons (16+, Employed*) by Major Occupational Group and Mean and Median Earnings (2005)

| Major Occupational Group | Employed |  | Earnings |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Number | Percent | Mean | Median |
| Construction and Extraction Occupations | $1,094,011$ | $6.6 \%$ | $\$ 33,994$ | $\$ 26,000$ |
| Farming, Fishing, and Forestry Occupations | 179,014 | $1.1 \%$ | $\$ 16,895$ | $\$ 15,000$ |
| Installations, Maintenance, and Repair Occupations | 515,349 | $3.1 \%$ | $\$ 39,522$ | $\$ 36,000$ |
| Management, Business, and Financial Occupations | $2,527,906$ | $15.2 \%$ | $\$ 78,499$ | $\$ 58,000$ |
| Office and Administrative Support Occupations | $2,134,430$ | $12.8 \%$ | $\$ 29,528$ | $\$ 27,000$ |
| Production Occupations | 843,115 | $5.1 \%$ | $\$ 28,750$ | $\$ 25,000$ |
| Professional and Related Occupations | $3,455,872$ | $20.7 \%$ | $\$ 58,752$ | $\$ 47,840$ |
| Sales and Related Occupations | $2,123,706$ | $12.7 \%$ | $\$ 40,498$ | $\$ 26,000$ |
| Service Occupations | $2,867,986$ | $17.2 \%$ | $\$ 23,035$ | $\$ 17,000$ |
| Transportation and Material Moving Occupations | 928,149 | $5.6 \%$ | $\$ 31,036$ | $\$ 25,000$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{1 6 , 6 6 9 , 5 3 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 . 0 \%}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 4 3 , 8 0 4}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 3 0 , 0 0 0}$ |

* Includes both full and part-time employees.

Table 44. Families by Number of Persons Employed* and Median Family Income (2005)

| Number of Persons Employed | Families | Percent | Median Family Income |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Zero | $1,418,547$ | $16.1 \%$ | $\$ 25,649$ |
| One | $3,179,803$ | $36.0 \%$ | $\$ 48,020$ |
| Two | $3,286,766$ | $37.3 \%$ | $\$ 80,377$ |
| Three or more | 936,155 | $10.6 \%$ | $\$ 88,120$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{8 , 8 2 1 , 2 7 2}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 . 0 \%}$ | $\$ 60,000$ |

* Includes all civilians age 15 and over who were either "at work" or were "with a job but not at work".


## VII. Income ${ }^{3}$

Personal Income: In 2005, the median personal income for those age 15 and over in California was $\$ 19,700$. The median income for females $(\$ 13,615)$ was a little more than half of that for males $(\$ 26,000)$. Only 11 percent reported incomes of $\$ 75,000$ or higher per year (Table 45). The percentage of females in the lower income brackets (below the median income of $\$ 19,700$ ) was higher than for males and, conversely, the percentage of males was higher in the upper income brackets (see Figure 20).
Over three-quarters of all person age 65 and over ( 77.6 percent) received Social Security income and 6.6 percent received Supplemental Security income. More women than men received Social Security and Supplemental Security incomes (see Table 46). The mean and median personal incomes of older men were almost twice those of women (see Table 47).
Family Income: The CPS estimates that over a quarter of all families ( 26.3 percent) had incomes of $\$ 100,000$ or more per year; close to a third ( 31.9 percent) had incomes between $\$ 50,000$ and $\$ 100,000$; and the rest ( 41.7 percent) had incomes less than $\$ 50,000$ a year (see Table 48). Percentages of Whites and Asians in the higher income brackets ( $\$ 75,000$ or more a year) were significantly higher than the percentages for Blacks and Hispanics. The opposite was true in the lower income brackets (less than $\$ 40,000$ a year): the percentages of Blacks and Hispanics were significantly higher than for Whites and Asians (see Figure 21). Overall, families with a White householder had the highest median income $(\$ 76,130)$; families with a Black householder had the lowest $(\$ 40,984)$. White and Asian family median incomes were above the state median of $\$ 60,000$; Black and Hispanic family incomes were below (see Table 48). Families of four persons had the highest median income and families of two had the lowest (see Table 49).

Household Income: More than one in five households ( 22.6 percent) had incomes of $\$ 100,000$ or more per year; 29.5 percent had incomes between $\$ 50,000$ and $\$ 100,000$ per year; and nearly half (47.9 percent) had incomes less than $\$ 50,000$ per year (see Table 48). The highest median household incomes were recorded for households of four persons $(\$ 68,573)$ and for householders between age 45 and 54 $(\$ 66,000)$ (Tables 50 and 51). The largest source of household income in 2005 was wage and salary (see Table 52).

Table 45. Persons (15+) by Personal Income (2005) and Sex

| Personal Income: | Male | Female | Total |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Number | Percent |
| Less than \$10,000 | 3,255,688 | 5,756,894 | 9,012,582 | 32.4\% |
| \$10,000-\$19,999 | 2,261,236 | 2,720,357 | 4,981,593 | 17.9\% |
| \$20,000-\$29,999 | 1,774,182 | 1,551,393 | 3,325,575 | 11.9\% |
| \$30,000 - \$39,999 | 1,475,653 | 1,166,841 | 2,642,494 | 9.5\% |
| \$40,000 - \$49,999 | 1,066,091 | 842,979 | 1,909,071 | 6.9\% |
| \$50,000 - \$74,999 | 1,712,791 | 1,187,110 | 2,899,901 | 10.4\% |
| \$75,000 - \$99,999 | 896,871 | 476,230 | 1,373,100 | 4.9\% |
| \$100,000 and Over | 1,290,505 | 408,660 | 1,699,166 | 6.1\% |
| Total | 13,733,018 | 14,110,464 | 27,843,482 | 100.0\% |
| Mean | \$42,542 | \$24,062 | \$33,177 |  |
| Median | \$26,000 | \$13,615 | \$19,700 |  |

[^6]Figure 20. Distribution of Persons (15+) by Personal Income (2005) and Sex


Table 46. Persons (65+) by Sex and Receipt of Social Security and Supplemental Security Income (2005)

| Source of Income (2005) | Male | Percent of <br> Males 65+ | Female | Percent of <br> Females 65+ | Total | Percent of <br> Persons 65+ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Social Security | $1,290,765$ | $76.8 \%$ | $1,723,313$ | $78.1 \%$ | $3,014,077$ | $77.6 \%$ |
| Supplemental Security | 95,038 | $5.7 \%$ | 160,389 | $7.3 \%$ | 255,427 | $6.6 \%$ |

Table 47. Persons (65+) by Selected Types of Income Received (2005) and Sex

| Source of Income (2005) | Male |  | Female |  | Total |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Mean | Median | Mean | Median | Mean | Median |
| Social Security | $\$ 12,568$ | $\$ 12,938$ | $\$ 9,613$ | $\$ 9,338$ | $\$ 10,867$ | $\$ 10,800$ |
| Supplemental Security | $\$ 6,439$ | $\$ 7,800$ | $\$ 6,601$ | $\$ 7,200$ | $\$ 6,541$ | $\$ 7,200$ |
| Total Personal Income | $\$ 36,810$ | $\$ 20,483$ | $\$ 17,860$ | $\$ 11,884$ | $\$ 26,055$ | $\$ 14,747$ |

Table 48. Households by Household Income (2005) and Families by Family Income (2005) and Race/Ethnicity of Householder

| Family Income | Number of Families |  |  |  |  | Number of Households |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | White | Hispanic | Asian | Black | Total* |  |
| Less than \$20,000 | 373,518 | 509,280 | 142,567 | 137,901 | 1,197,059 | 2,234,603 |
| \$20,000 - \$29,999 | 301,173 | 369,953 | 65,244 | 53,678 | 809,722 | 1,315,552 |
| \$30,000 - \$39,999 | 329,045 | 390,235 | 72,774 | 79,695 | 880,851 | 1,297,259 |
| \$40,000 - \$49,999 | 303,645 | 337,249 | 80,265 | 58,557 | 794,021 | 1,114,747 |
| \$50,000 - \$74,999 | 799,360 | 544,414 | 206,818 | 97,132 | 1,676,357 | 2,265,484 |
| \$75,000-\$99,999 | 647,317 | 252,634 | 158,623 | 48,085 | 1,139,489 | 1,465,848 |
| \$100,000 and Over | 1,550,885 | 297,229 | 358,821 | 80,879 | 2,323,774 | 2,855,643 |
| Total | 4,304,944 | 2,700,994 | 1,085,112 | 555,926 | 8,821,272 | 12,639,136 |
| Mean Income | \$96,958 | \$52,632 | \$89,970 | \$57,673 | \$79,545 | \$71,771 |
| Median Income | \$76,130 | \$42,162 | \$71,035 | \$40,984 | \$60,000 | \$51,831 |

* Total includes all race/ethnic groups.

Figure 21. Distribution of Families by Family Income (2005) and Race/Ethnicity of Householder


Percent of Race/Ethnicity

Table 49. Families by Size of Family and Mean and Median Family Income (2005)

| Family Size | Families |  | Family Income |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | :---: |
|  | Number | Percent | Mean | Median |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | $3,330,069$ | $37.7 \%$ | $\$ 73,830$ | $\$ 51,016$ |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | $2,012,852$ | $22.8 \%$ | $\$ 82,466$ | $\$ 63,027$ |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | $1,851,025$ | $21.0 \%$ | $\$ 89,526$ | $\$ 67,000$ |
| $\mathbf{5}$ | 991,830 | $11.2 \%$ | $\$ 80,284$ | $\$ 63,038$ |
| $\mathbf{6 +}$ | 635,496 | $7.2 \%$ | $\$ 70,009$ | $\$ 56,725$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{8 , 8 2 1 , 2 7 2}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 . 0 \%}$ | $\$ 79, \mathbf{5 4 5}$ | $\$ \mathbf{6 0 , 0 0 0}$ |

Table 50. Households by Age of Householder and Mean and Median Household Income (2005)

| Age of Householder | Households |  | Household Income |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Number | Percent | Mean | Median |
| Less than 35 | $2,880,636$ | $22.8 \%$ | $\$ 60,622$ | $\$ 46,900$ |
| $\mathbf{3 5 - 4 4}$ | $2,834,970$ | $22.4 \%$ | $\$ 82,182$ | $\$ 62,937$ |
| $\mathbf{4 5 - 5 4}$ | $2,626,100$ | $20.8 \%$ | $\$ 86,081$ | $\$ 66,000$ |
| $\mathbf{5 5 - 6 4}$ | $1,885,102$ | $14.9 \%$ | $\$ 85,086$ | $\$ 60,100$ |
| $\mathbf{6 5 +}$ | $2,412,328$ | $19.1 \%$ | $\$ 46,868$ | $\$ 29,902$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{1 2 , 6 3 9}, \mathbf{1 3 6}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 . 0} \%$ | $\$ \mathbf{7 1 , 7 7 1}$ | $\$ \mathbf{5 1 , 8 3 1}$ |

Figure 22. Median Household Income (2005) by Age of Householder


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Table 51. Households by Size of Household and Mean and Median Household Income (2005)

|  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $2,929,756$ | $23.2 \%$ | $\$ 42,728$ | $\$ 27,042$ |
|  | $3,771,536$ | $29.8 \%$ | $\$ 74,726$ | $\$ 54,000$ |
|  | $2,198,965$ | $17.4 \%$ | $\$ 84,962$ | $\$ 64,466$ |
|  | $1,964,366$ | $15.5 \%$ | $\$ 89,739$ | $\$ 68,573$ |
|  | $1,067,742$ | $8.5 \%$ | $\$ 80,546$ | $\$ 62,500$ |
|  | 706,772 | $5.6 \%$ | $\$ 72,164$ | $\$ 58,000$ |
|  | $\mathbf{1 2 , 6 3 9 , 1 3 6}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 . 0 \%}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 7 1 , 7 7 1}$ | $\$ 51,831$ |

Table 52. Households by Selected Types of Household Income Sources (2005)

| Number of Households with Persons Who Received Income from | Households | Percent of all Households | Income Received |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Mean | Median |
| Wage and Salary | 9,644,273 | 76.3\% | \$70,602 | \$52,000 |
| Farm and Non-Farm Self-Employment* | 1,670,449 | 13.2\% | \$43,927 | \$25,000 |
| Unemployment Compensation | 667,519 | 5.3\% | \$4,679 | \$3,055 |
| Worker's Compensation | 234,890 | 1.9\% | \$9,789 | \$7,200 |
| Social Security | 3,008,772 | 23.8\% | \$14,107 | \$12,938 |
| Supplemental Security Income (SSI) | 591,615 | 4.7\% | \$8,438 | \$8,376 |
| Veterans' Payments | 195,655 | 1.5\% | \$14,950 | \$11,916 |
| Disability Benefits | 268,442 | 2.1\% | \$15,160 | \$8,400 |
| Retirement or Pension Income | 1,379,763 | 10.9\% | \$20,487 | \$14,400 |
| Interest | 6,452,618 | 51.1\% | \$3,941 | \$320 |
| Dividends | 2,714,268 | 21.5\% | \$4,735 | \$1,000 |
| Rental or Property Income* | 1,151,291 | 9.1\% | \$8,023 | \$2,000 |
| Child Support Payments | 431,297 | 3.4\% | \$6,086 | \$3,825 |
| Alimony Payments | 70,398 | 0.6\% | \$11,673 | \$3,680 |

* Self-employment and rental income can be positive or negative.


## VIII. Poverty

In 2006, about 13 percent of California's population were below poverty level (see Table 53). Poverty rates for Blacks ( 21.5 percent) and Hispanics ( 20.5 percent) were about three times greater than for Whites ( 7.5 percent) (see Table 53). Whites, the largest race/ethnic group in the state, had the highest proportion of the population with an income 200 percent or more above the poverty level ( 79.6 percent); Hispanics, the group with the second largest population share ( 34.9 percent), had the lowest proportion of the population with incomes 200 percent or more above the poverty level ( 50.1 percent) (see Figure 23). The rate of poverty among Californian women ( 14.5 percent) was 1.2 times greater than among men ( 12.3 percent). The poverty rate for children under age 18 ( 19.3 percent) was the highest of all age groups (see Table 54). Children under age 18, who comprised 27.1 percent of the state's population, made up 39.1 percent of all persons living below the poverty level (see Figure 24).

Poverty rates vary significantly by family type. The proportion of married-couple families in California was 73.5 percent; families headed by a female with no husband present accounted for 18.6 percent and families headed by a male with no wife present made up 7.9 percent (see Table 55 ). The poverty rate for female-headed families ( 24.4 percent) was significantly higher than the rate for male-headed families (10.1 percent) and married-couple families ( 7.2 percent). Half of the families living below the poverty level (49.8 percent) were married-couple families; 42.7 percent were female householders with no spouse present; and 7.4 percent were male householders with no spouse present. Among families living below poverty, 77.3 percent reported they had related children under age 18 (see Table 56). Overall, families with no children had much lower poverty rates, 5.4 percent compared with 14.8 percent of those families with children.

Table 53. Persons by Race/Ethnicity and Poverty Level Status*

| Race/Ethnicity | Below Poverty | $\mathbf{1 0 0 \%}<\mathbf{X}<\mathbf{2 0 0 \%}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 \%}$ and Up | Poverty Rate |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| White | $1,188,008$ | $2,071,360$ | $12,684,420$ | $7.5 \%$ |
| Hispanic | $2,575,653$ | $3,681,857$ | $6,279,908$ | $20.5 \%$ |
| Asian | 467,643 | 605,725 | $3,195,128$ | $11.0 \%$ |
| Black | 495,848 | 461,543 | $1,343,901$ | $21.5 \%$ |
| Total $* *$ | $\mathbf{4 , 8 1 5 , 4 7 8}$ | $\mathbf{6 , 9 7 7 , 7 6 5}$ | $\mathbf{2 4 , 1 4 6 , 4 2 5}$ | $\mathbf{1 3 . 4 \%}$ |

* Poverty status is determined for all persons except institutionalized persons, persons in military group quarters, in college dormitories, and for unrelated individuals under age 15. Poverty status is designated for the current year, 2006, but is calculated on the previous year's income, 2005.

[^7]Figure 23. Percentage of Persons by Poverty Status and Race/Ethnicity


Table 54. Persons Below the Poverty Level by Age and Sex

| Age Group | Male | Percent <br> of Age | Female | Percent <br> of Age | Total <br> Percent <br> of Age |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Under 18 | 931,686 | $18.7 \%$ | 948,796 | $19.9 \%$ | $1,880,483$ | $19.3 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{1 8 - 3 4}$ | 536,414 | $12.3 \%$ | 718,438 | $17.5 \%$ | $1,254,853$ | $14.8 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{3 5 - 4 9}$ | 377,836 | $8.9 \%$ | 458,246 | $11.3 \%$ | 836,082 | $10.1 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{5 0 - 6 4}$ | 216,455 | $8.2 \%$ | 280,528 | $9.6 \%$ | 496,983 | $9.0 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{6 5 +}$ | 131,503 | $7.8 \%$ | 215,575 | $9.8 \%$ | 347,078 | $8.9 \%$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{2 , 1 9 3 , 8 9 4}$ | $\mathbf{1 2 . 3 \%}$ | $\mathbf{2 , 6 2 1 , 5 8 4}$ | $\mathbf{1 4 . 5 \%}$ | $\mathbf{4 , 8 1 5 , 4 7 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 3 . 4 \%}$ |

Figure 24. Distribution of Persons Below the Poverty Level by Age


Table 55. Families by Poverty Status and Family Type

| Poverty Status |  | Total Families |  | Married-Couple Families |  | Other Families |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Male Householder, No Wife Present | Female Householder, No Husband Present |  |
|  |  | Number | Percent |  |  | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent |
| Below Poverty |  |  |  | 937,259 | 10.6\% | 466,986 | 7.2\% | 69,674 | 10.1\% | 400,599 | 24.4\% |
| Between 100 and $149 \%$ of Poverty |  | 721,307 | 8.2\% | 477,206 | 7.4\% | 57,341 | 8.3\% | 186,761 | 11.4\% |
| $150 \%$ and Above of Poverty |  | 7,162,706 | 81.2\% | 5,542,697 | 85.4\% | 566,503 | 81.7\% | 1,053,505 | 64.2\% |
| Total | With Children | 4,890,741 | 55.4\% | 3,445,698 | 53.1\% | 356,024 | 51.3\% | 1,089,019 | 66.4\% |
|  | W/O Children | 3,930,531 | 44.6\% | 3,041,191 | 46.9\% | 337,494 | 48.7\% | 551,846 | 33.6\% |
|  | Total | 8,821,272 | 100.0\% | 6,486,889 | 100.0\% | 693,518 | 100.0\% | 1,640,865 | 100.0\% |

Table 56. Families by Poverty Status and Presence of Related Children

| Poverty Status |  |  | Total Families |  |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | :---: |
|  | Number |  | Percent |  |
| Below Poverty | With Children | 724,303 | $8.2 \%$ |  |
|  | W/O Children | 212,956 | $2.4 \%$ |  |
| Between 100 and 149\% of Poverty | With Children | 505,545 | $5.7 \%$ |  |
|  | W/O Children | 215,762 | $2.5 \%$ |  |
| $\mathbf{1 5 0 \%}$ and Above of Poverty | With Children | $3,660,893$ | $41.5 \%$ |  |
|  | W/O Children | $3,501,813$ | $39.7 \%$ |  |
| Total | With Children | $4,890,741$ | $55.4 \%$ |  |
|  | W/O Children | $3,930,531$ | $44.6 \%$ |  |
|  | Total | $\mathbf{8 , 8 2 1 , 2 7 2}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 . 0 \%}$ |  |

## Appendix A. Standard Errors (SE) and Confidence Intervals (CI) for Selected Characteristics for which ' $a$ ' and ' $b$ ' Parameters are Provided



Appendix A: Continued

| Housing Tenure <br> (All households) | Estimate | a | b | CA <br> f-Factor | Adjusted |  | SE | CI at $90 \%$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} \text { SE*90\% CL } \\ \left(\text { SE }^{*} \mathbf{1 . 6 4 5}\right) \end{array}$ | Error (\%) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | a | b |  | Lower | Upper |  |  |
| Owner Occupied | 7,478,391 | -0.000005 | 1,052 | 1.25 | -0.00004 | 1,315 | 88,197 | 7,333,307 | 7,623,475 | 145,084 | 1.94\% |
| Renter Occupied | 5,160,745 | -0.000005 | 1,052 | 1.25 | -0.00004 | 1,315 | 76,207 | 5,035,384 | 5,286,106 | 125,361 | 2.43\% |
| Household Type (All households) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| One person household - Male | 1,314,953 | -0.000005 | 1,052 | 1.25 | -0.00004 | 1,315 | 40,812 | 1,247,817 | 1,382,089 | 67,136 | 5.11\% |
| Female | 1,614,802 | -0.000005 | 1,052 | 1.25 | -0.00004 | 1,315 | 45,029 | 1,540,729 | 1,688,875 | 74,073 | 4.59\% |
| 2+ Persons Related | 8,821,272 | -0.000005 | 1,052 | 1.25 | -0.00004 | 1,315 | 93,489 | 8,667,483 | 8,975,061 | 153,789 | 1.74\% |
| Married Couple -w/Children | 3,445,698 | -0.000005 | 1,052 | 1.25 | -0.00004 | 1,315 | 63,990 | 3,340,434 | 3,550,962 | 105,264 | 3.05\% |
| w/o Children | 3,041,191 | -0.000005 | 1,052 | 1.25 | -0.00004 | 1,315 | 60,492 | 2,941,682 | 3,140,700 | 99,509 | 3.27\% |
| Male Headed* - w/Children | 356,024 | -0.000005 | 1,052 | 1.25 | -0.00004 | 1,315 | 21,529 | 320,608 | 391,440 | 35,416 | 9.95\% |
| w/o Children | 337,494 | -0.000005 | 1,052 | 1.25 | -0.00004 | 1,315 | 20,967 | 303,003 | 371,985 | 34,491 | 10.22\% |
| Female Headed* - w/Children | 1,089,019 | -0.000005 | 1,052 | 1.25 | -0.00004 | 1,315 | 37,262 | 1,027,723 | 1,150,315 | 61,296 | 5.63\% |
| w/o Children | 551,846 | -0.000005 | 1,052 | 1.25 | -0.00004 | 1,315 | 26,730 | 507,875 | 595,817 | 43,971 | 7.97\% |
| 2+ Persons Unrelated | 888,108 | -0.000005 | 1,052 | 1.25 | -0.00004 | 1,315 | 33,747 | 832,594 | 943,622 | 55,514 | 6.25\% |
| II. HEALTH AND INSURANCE <br> (All persons) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Covered | 29,182,453 | -0.000009 | 2,652 | 1.25 | -0.00009 | 3,315 | 133,567 | 28,962,735 | 29,402,171 | 219,718 | 0.75\% |
| Not covered | 6,757,215 | -0.000009 | 2,652 | 1.25 | -0.00009 | 3,315 | 134,796 | 6,535,476 | 6,978,954 | 221,739 | 3.28\% |
| III. MOBILITY <br> (Persons 1 year and over) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| From Abroad | 202,421 | -0.000014 | 3,965 | 1.25 | -0.00014 | 4,956 | 31,584 | 150,465 | 254,377 | 51,956 | 25.67\% |
| From a Different State | 346,466 | -0.000014 | 3,965 | 1.25 | -0.00014 | 4,956 | 41,238 | 278,630 | 414,302 | 67,836 | 19.58\% |
| Same State, Different County | 891,765 | -0.000014 | 3,965 | 1.25 | -0.00014 | 4,956 | 65,648 | 783,774 | 999,756 | 107,991 | 12.11\% |
| Same County | 3,512,846 | -0.000014 | 3,965 | 1.25 | -0.00014 | 4,956 | 125,305 | 3,306,720 | 3,718,972 | 206,126 | 5.87\% |

[^8]
## Appendix A: Continued

| IV. FOREIGN BORN* <br> (All persons) | Estimate | a | b | $\begin{gathered} \text { CA } \\ \text { f-Factor } \end{gathered}$ | Adjusted |  | SE | CI at 90\% |  | $\begin{array}{r} \text { SE*90\%CL } \\ (\mathbf{S E *} * \mathbf{1 . 6 4 5}) \end{array}$ | Error (\%) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | a | b |  | Lower | Upper |  |  |
| Total | 9,684,104 | -0.0000143 | 4,189 | 1.25 | -0.00015 | 5,236 | 192,304 | 9,367,765 | 10,000,443 | 316,339 | 3.27\% |
| Naturalized | 3,929,161 | -0.0000143 | 4,189 | 1.25 | -0.00015 | 5,236 | 135,326 | 3,706,550 | 4,151,772 | 222,611 | 5.67\% |
| Noncitizen | 5,754,943 | -0.0000143 | 4,189 | 1.25 | -0.00015 | 5,236 | 159,013 | 5,493,367 | 6,016,519 | 261,576 | 4.55\% |
| V. EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT (Persons age 25 and over) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Educational Attainment by Race |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total** | 22,709,803 | -0.000005 | 1,206 | 1.25 | -0.00004 | 1,508 | 111,832 | 22,525,839 | 22,893,767 | 183,964 | 0.81\% |
| White | 11,325,450 | -0.000005 | 1,206 | 1.25 | -0.00004 | 1,508 | 108,024 | 11,147,751 | 11,503,149 | 177,699 | 1.57\% |
| Hispanic | 6,688,808 | -0.000027 | 922 | 1.25 | -0.00003 | 1,153 | 79,169 | 6,558,575 | 6,819,041 | 130,233 | 1.95\% |
| Asian | 2,873,756 | -0.000069 | 1,101 | 1.25 | -0.00004 | 1,376 | 60,311 | 2,774,545 | 2,972,967 | 99,211 | 3.45\% |
| Black | 1,381,868 | -0.000031 | 1,364 | 1.25 | -0.00005 | 1,705 | 47,593 | 1,303,578 | 1,460,158 | 78,290 | 5.67\% |
| Educational Attainment by Nativity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Foreign Born (Total)** | 8,123,531 | -0.0000065 | 1,568 | 1.25 | -0.00005 | 1,960 | 110,931 | 7,941,050 | 8,306,012 | 182,481 | 2.25\% |
| Not a High School Graduate | 3,132,428 | -0.0000065 | 1,568 | 1.25 | -0.00005 | 1,960 | 74,842 | 3,009,313 | 3,255,543 | 123,115 | 3.93\% |
| High School Graduate | 1,821,937 | -0.0000065 | 1,568 | 1.25 | -0.00005 | 1,960 | 58,213 | 1,726,177 | 1,917,697 | 95,760 | 5.26\% |
| Some College or Associate Degree | 1,233,680 | -0.0000065 | 1,568 | 1.25 | -0.00005 | 1,960 | 48,315 | 1,154,202 | 1,313,158 | 79,478 | 6.44\% |
| Bachelor's Degree | 1,336,182 | -0.0000065 | 1,568 | 1.25 | -0.00005 | 1,960 | 50,208 | 1,253,591 | 1,418,773 | 82,591 | 6.18\% |
| Master's Degree or Higher | 599,304 | -0.0000065 | 1,568 | 1.25 | -0.00005 | 1,960 | 33,983 | 543,403 | 655,205 | 55,901 | 9.33\% |
| Native (Total) | 14,586,272 | -0.000005 | 1,206 | 1.25 | -0.00004 | 1,508 | 114,127 | 14,398,533 | 14,774,011 | 187,739 | 1.29\% |
| Not a High School Graduate | 1,230,295 | -0.000005 | 1,206 | 1.25 | -0.00004 | 1,508 | 42,319 | 1,160,680 | 1,299,910 | 69,615 | 5.66\% |
| High School Graduate | 3,623,066 | -0.000005 | 1,206 | 1.25 | -0.00004 | 1,508 | 70,062 | 3,507,813 | 3,738,319 | 115,253 | 3.18\% |
| Some College or Associate Degree | 4,909,397 | -0.000005 | 1,206 | 1.25 | -0.00004 | 1,508 | 79,909 | 4,777,947 | 5,040,847 | 131,450 | 2.68\% |
| Bachelor's Degree | 3,215,056 | -0.000005 | 1,206 | 1.25 | -0.00004 | 1,508 | 66,417 | 3,105,800 | 3,324,312 | 109,256 | 3.40\% |
| Master's Degree or Higher | 1,608,459 | -0.000005 | 1,206 | 1.25 | -0.00004 | 1,508 | 48,122 | 1,529,298 | 1,687,620 | 79,161 | 4.92\% |

[^9]
## Appendix A: Continued

| VI. LABOR FORCE <br> Persons in Civilian Labor Force (Civilians age 16+) | Estimate | a | b | $\|$CA <br> f-Factor | Adjusted |  | SE | CI at 90\% |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { SE*90\%CL } \\ (S E * 1.645) \end{gathered}$ | Error (\%) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | a | b |  | Lower | Upper |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 17,596,575 | -0.000016 | 3,068 | 1.25 | -0.00011 | 3,835 | 185,191 | 17,291,936 | 17,901,214 | 304,639 | 1.73\% |
| Male | 9,786,286 | -0.000032 | 2,971 | 1.25 | -0.00010 | 3,714 | 162,492 | 9,518,987 | 10,053,585 | 267,299 | 2.73\% |
| Female | 7,810,289 | -0.000031 | 2,782 | 1.25 | -0.00010 | 3,478 | 145,711 | 7,570,594 | 8,049,984 | 239,695 | 3.07\% |
| Persons Employed (Employed civilians age 16+) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total* | 16,669,538 | -0.000016 | 3,068 | 1.25 | -0.00011 | 3,835 | 184,784 | 16,365,568 | 16,973,508 | 303,970 | 1.82\% |
| White | 7,901,227 | -0.000016 | 3,068 | 1.25 | -0.00011 | 3,835 | 153,656 | 7,648,464 | 8,153,990 | 252,763 | 3.20\% |
| Hispanic | 5,400,264 | -0.000141 | 3,455 | 1.25 | -0.00012 | 4,319 | 140,721 | 5,168,778 | 5,631,750 | 231,486 | 4.29\% |
| Asian | 2,045,126 | -0.000346 | 3,198 | 1.25 | -0.00011 | 3,998 | 87,796 | 1,900,702 | 2,189,550 | 144,424 | 7.06\% |
| Black | 956,397 | -0.000151 | 3,455 | 1.25 | -0.00012 | 4,319 | 63,404 | 852,098 | 1,060,696 | 104,299 | 10.91\% |
| VII. INCOME |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Personal Income <br> (Persons age 15+) | 27,843,482 | -0.000005 | 1,249 | 1.25 | -0.00004 | 1,561 | 98,200 | 27,681,943 | 28,005,021 | 161,539 | 0.58\% |
| Family Income (All families) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total* | 8,821,272 | -0.000005 | 1,140 | 1.25 | -0.00004 | 1,425 | 97,321 | 8,661,180 | 8,981,364 | 160,092 | 1.81\% |
| White | 4,304,944 | -0.000005 | 1,140 | 1.25 | -0.00004 | 1,425 | 73,461 | 4,184,101 | 4,425,787 | 120,843 | 2.81\% |
| Hispanic | 2,700,994 | -0.000036 | 1,245 | 1.25 | -0.00004 | 1,556 | 62,339 | 2,598,447 | 2,803,541 | 102,547 | 3.80\% |
| Asian | 1,085,112 | -0.000078 | 1,245 | 1.25 | -0.00004 | 1,556 | 40,466 | 1,018,546 | 1,151,678 | 66,566 | 6.13\% |
| Black | 555,926 | -0.000029 | 1,245 | 1.25 | -0.00004 | 1,556 | 29,184 | 507,918 | 603,934 | 48,008 | 8.64\% |
| Household Income <br> (All households) | 12,639,136 | -0.000005 | 1,140 | 1.25 | -0.00004 | 1,425 | 107,929 | 12,461,593 | 12,816,679 | 177,543 | 1.40\% |

[^10]
## Appendix A: Continued

| VIII. POVERTY STATUS | Estimate | a | b | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { CA } \\ \text { f-Factor } \end{array}$ | Adjusted |  | SE | CI at 90\% |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { SE*90\%CL } \\ \text { (SE*1.645) } \end{gathered}$ | Error$(\%)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | a | b |  | Lower | Upper |  |  |
| Persons |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Below Poverty* | 4,815,478 | -0.000018 | 5,282 | 1.25 | -0.00018 | 6,603 | 165,877 | 4,542,610 | 5,088,346 | 272,868 | 5.67\% |
| White | 1,188,008 | -0.000018 | 5,282 | 1.25 | -0.00018 | 6,603 | 87,083 | 1,044,757 | 1,331,259 | 143,251 | 12.06\% |
| Hispanic | 2,575,653 | -0.000123 | 5,282 | 1.25 | -0.00018 | 6,603 | 125,625 | 2,369,000 | 2,782,306 | 206,653 | 8.02\% |
| Asian | 467,643 | -0.000254 | 5,282 | 1.25 | -0.00018 | 6,603 | 55,202 | 376,836 | 558,450 | 90,807 | 19.42\% |
| Black | 495,848 | -0.000092 | 5,282 | 1.25 | -0.00018 | 6,603 | 56,820 | 402,380 | 589,316 | 93,468 | 18.85\% |
| Families (All families) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Families | 8,821,272 | 0.000052 | 1,243 | 1.25 | 0.00007 | 1,554 | 136,982 | 8,595,937 | 9,046,607 | 225,335 | 2.55\% |
| Below Poverty | 937,259 | 0.000052 | 1,243 | 1.25 | 0.00007 | 1,554 | 38,902 | 873,265 | 1,001,253 | 63,994 | 6.83\% |
| Families with Children | 724,303 | 0.000052 | 1,243 | 1.25 | 0.00007 | 1,554 | 34,051 | 668,289 | 780,317 | 56,014 | 7.73\% |
| Families without Children | 212,956 | 0.000052 | 1,243 | 1.25 | 0.00007 | 1,554 | 18,271 | 182,900 | 243,012 | 30,056 | 14.11\% |
| Between 100 to $149 \%$ of Poverty | 721,307 | 0.000052 | 1,243 | 1.25 | 0.00007 | 1,554 | 33,979 | 665,412 | 777,202 | 55,895 | 7.75\% |
| Families with Children | 505,545 | 0.000052 | 1,243 | 1.25 | 0.00007 | 1,554 | 28,321 | 458,956 | 552,134 | 46,589 | 9.22\% |
| Families without Children | 215,762 | 0.000052 | 1,243 | 1.25 | 0.00007 | 1,554 | 18,392 | 185,507 | 246,017 | 30,255 | 14.02\% |
| 150\% and Above of Poverty | 7,162,706 | 0.000052 | 1,243 | 1.25 | 0.00007 | 1,554 | 120,266 | 6,964,869 | 7,360,543 | 197,837 | 2.76\% |
| Families with Children | 3,660,893 | 0.000052 | 1,243 | 1.25 | 0.00007 | 1,554 | 80,989 | 3,527,666 | 3,794,120 | 133,227 | 3.64\% |
| Families without Children | 3,501,813 | 0.000052 | 1,243 | 1.25 | 0.00007 | 1,554 | 78,981 | 3,371,889 | 3,631,737 | 129,924 | 3.71\% |

[^11]Appendix A: Continued

| STANDARD ERROR OF RATES | Base <br> Estimates | Rate | b | CAf-Factor | Adjusted <br> b | SE | CI at 90\% |  | $\begin{array}{r} \hline \text { SE*90\%CL } \\ \left(\mathrm{SE}^{*} * 1.645\right) \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Error(\%) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Lower | Upper |  |  |
| Unemployment Rate (percentages) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White | 8,226,214 | 4.0 | 3,096 | 1.25 | 3,870 | 0.43 | 3.30 | 4.70 | 0.699 | 17.48\% |
| Hispanic | 5,784,160 | 6.6 | 3,455 | 1.25 | 4,319 | 0.68 | 5.48 | 7.72 | 1.116 | 16.91\% |
| Asian | 2,140,736 | 4.5 | 3,198 | 1.25 | 3,998 | 0.90 | 3.03 | 5.97 | 1.474 | 32.75\% |
| Black | 1,060,023 | 9.8 | 3,455 | 1.25 | 4,319 | 1.90 | 6.68 | 12.92 | 3.122 | 31.85\% |
| Educational Attainment Rate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Reporting a High School Diploma or Higher | 22,709,803 | 80.8 | 1,206 | 1.25 | 1,508 | 0.32 | 80.27 | 81.33 | 0.528 | 0.65\% |
| Reporting a Bachelor's Degree or Higher | 22,709,803 | 29.8 | 1,206 | 1.25 | 1,508 | 0.37 | 29.19 | 30.41 | 0.613 | 2.06\% |
| Poverty Rate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Below Poverty | 35,939,668 | 13.4 | 5,282 | 1.25 | 6,603 | 0.46 | 12.64 | 14.16 | 0.760 | 5.67\% |
| Male | 17,877,950 | 12.3 | 5,282 | 1.25 | 6,603 | 0.63 | 11.26 | 13.34 | 1.038 | 8.44\% |
| Female | 18,061,718 | 14.5 | 5,282 | 1.25 | 6,603 | 0.67 | 13.39 | 15.61 | 1.107 | 7.64\% |

## Appendix B: Major Changes in the Current Population Survey Since 1985

2005: Every ten years, the CPS sample is redesigned to reflect the results of the most recent decennial census. As of March 2005 the sample was in the middle of redesign with about 55 percent of the sample based on the 2000 census and the balance on the 1990 census. At the same time in 2005, the substate identifiers were updated to reflect the most current metropolitan area definitions using the June 30, 2003 metropolitan core based statistical area definitions.

2004: Population controls were updated to reflect revised estimates of net international migration for 2000 through 2003. This resulted in a decrease in the estimated size of the non-institutionalized civilian population, labor force, and employment levels.

2003: In addition to the name change from Annual Demographic to Annual Social and Economic Supplement, modifications to existing CPS variables were made and new variables introduced. In 2003, persons were able to report more than one race. As a result, the old race variables were replaced with the new ones. Again beginning this year, CPS began using the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) based on the Census 2000 industry and occupation codes. The new classification system affected all industry and occupation variables.

2002: The 2002 CPS Annual Demographic File (ADF) contains the expanded sample of state estimates of children's health insurance coverage that was implemented in 2001. The expanded sample accounts for the addition of about 34,500 households nationwide and 1,231 households for California in 2002. The 2002 ADF also used weights based on Census 2000 population controls, instead of the 1990 population controls used in previous years. Using 2000-based weights affects weighted frequencies, which are noticeable when comparing 2002 to earlier years.

2001: The Census Bureau expanded the sample size to improve state estimates of children's health insurance coverage in the winter of 2001-02. These data were released in autumn of 2002. The original September 2001 sample file was revised due to a weight adjustment. This report contains only data from the original revised sample file released December 2001.

1996: The sample size taken in Los Angeles County was significantly reduced. The March survey for the first time contained a question on self-reported health status of the respondents.

1994: The independent national population controls used for age, sex, race, and Hispanic origin were prepared by projecting forward the population as enumerated in the 1990 decennial census adjusted for the 1990 census undercount. Most estimates in the profile were affected by these changes.

1990: The sample reduction from 1989 was restored.
1989: The sample size for California was reduced by approximately 38 percent.
1985: Controls for the Hispanic population were introduced for the first time. These controls included an estimate of illegal immigrants.

## Appendix C: Sample Size of California Portion of the March Supplement to the Current Population Survey, 1987-2006

| Year | Households | Persons |
| :---: | ---: | ---: |
| $\mathbf{1 9 8 7}$ | 4,739 | 13,349 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 8 8}$ | 4,790 | 13,540 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 8 9}$ | 2,949 | 7,997 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 0}$ | 4,945 | 14,437 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 1}$ | 5,011 | 14,894 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 2}$ | 5,018 | 14,846 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 3}$ | 4,923 | 14,732 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 4}$ | 4,639 | 14,018 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 5}$ | 4,590 | 13,579 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 6}$ | 4,377 | 12,904 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 7}$ | 4,496 | 13,113 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 8}$ | 4,465 | 13,188 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 9}$ | 4,525 | 13,214 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 0}$ | 4,453 | 13,325 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 1}$ | 4,338 | 12,966 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 2}$ | 5,569 | 16,857 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ | 5,600 | 16,779 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 4}$ | 5,389 | 16,269 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 5}$ | 5,834 | 17,459 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 6}$ | 6,519 | 19,737 |

## Appendix D: Country of Birth of the Foreign Born by Region

| Region of Birth | Country of Birth | Foreign Born |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Africa | Egypt | 35,179 |
|  | Ethiopia | 22,015 |
|  | Kenya | 4,963 |
|  | Morocco | 3,243 |
|  | Nigeria | 4,899 |
|  | South Africa | 15,662 |
|  | North Africa | 7,328 |
|  | Other Africa | 18,746 |
| Asia | Armenia | 61,285 |
|  | Afghanistan | 19,851 |
|  | Bangladesh | 1,428 |
|  | Burma | 22,563 |
|  | Cambodia | 51,924 |
|  | China | 377,281 |
|  | Hong Kong | 98,587 |
|  | India | 276,345 |
|  | Indonesia | 34,873 |
|  | Japan | 91,890 |
|  | South Korea | 324,108 |
|  | Laos | 25,939 |
|  | Malaysia | 6,955 |
|  | Pakistan | 20,996 |
|  | Philippines | 781,538 |
|  | Singapore | 16,396 |
|  | Taiwan | 141,198 |

## Appendix D: Continued

| Region of Birth | Country of Birth | Foreign Born |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Asia | Thailand | 62,304 |
|  | Vietnam | 334,056 |
|  | Other Asia | 27,562 |
| Caribbean | Barbados | 4,061 |
|  | Cuba | 32,259 |
|  | Dominica | 1,597 |
|  | Grenada | 1,852 |
|  | Jamaica | 28,466 |
|  | Trinidad and Tobago | 2,791 |
| Central America | Belize | 45,270 |
|  | Costa Rica | 16,272 |
|  | El Salvador | 429,706 |
|  | Guatemala | 200,965 |
|  | Honduras | 63,898 |
|  | Nicaragua | 59,719 |
|  | Panama | 12,981 |
|  | Other Central America | 39,006 |
| Europe | Austria | 20,095 |
|  | Belgium | 3,222 |
|  | Czechoslovakia | 2,799 |
|  | Denmark | 6,094 |
|  | Finland | 10,260 |
|  | France | 28,008 |
|  | Germany | 95,339 |
|  | Greece | 15,036 |

## Appendix D: Continued

| Region of Birth | Country of Birth | Foreign Born |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Europe | Hungary | 4,272 |
|  | Ireland | 21,361 |
|  | Italy | 43,805 |
|  | Holland/Netherlands | 12,285 |
|  | Poland | 16,276 |
|  | Portugal | 32,113 |
|  | Romania | 22,238 |
|  | Spain | 12,457 |
|  | Sweden | 9,594 |
|  | Switzerland | 24,443 |
|  | Britain | 4,641 |
|  | England | 70,316 |
|  | Scotland | 4,398 |
|  | Yugoslavia | 12,345 |
|  | Europe | 3,266 |
|  | Czech Republic | 4,758 |
|  | Slovakia | 1,637 |
|  | USSR | 35,056 |
|  | Latvia | 5,164 |
|  | Lithuania | 1,432 |
|  | Russia | 63,391 |
|  | Ukraine | 25,464 |
| Middle East | Iran | 225,160 |
|  | Iraq | 39,590 |
|  | Israel | 31,245 |

## Appendix D: Continued

| Region of Birth | Country of Birth | Foreign Born |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Middle East | Jordan | 15,291 |
|  | Lebanon | 28,948 |
|  | Saudi Arabia | 7,004 |
|  | Syria | 19,170 |
|  | Turkey | 8,795 |
|  | Middle East | 8,620 |
|  | Palestine | 5,971 |
| North America | Canada | 138,537 |
|  | Mexico | 4,309,250 |
| Oceania | Australia | 21,989 |
|  | Fiji | 11,531 |
|  | New Zealand | 1,722 |
|  | Pacific Islands | 15,870 |
| South America | Argentina | 34,319 |
|  | Bolivia | 5,730 |
|  | Brazil | 29,540 |
|  | Chile | 13,954 |
|  | Colombia | 19,273 |
|  | Ecuador | 16,053 |
|  | Guyana | 7,653 |
|  | Peru | 83,430 |
|  | Uruguay | 5,922 |
|  | Venezuela | 7,581 |
|  | Other South America | 18,085 |
| Elsewhere | Elsewhere | 114,347 |


[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ The CPS and DOF estimates are not expected to be the same. The CPS estimate is for the civilian non-institutional population including military personnel living off-base or in civilian housing on-base. The DOF estimate is for the entire resident population of the state.

[^1]:    * Total includes all race/ethnic groups.

[^2]:    * Total includes all race/ethnic groups.

[^3]:    * Total includes all persons.

[^4]:    * Total includes all race/ethnic groups.

[^5]:    ${ }^{2}$ The CPS defines the civilian labor force as all civilians in the non-institutional population age 16 and over classified as "employed" or "unemployed who are either looking for work or on layoff."

[^6]:    ${ }^{3}$ Income estimates in this report cover all sources of gross money incomes (excluding capital gains and losses) reported by persons age 15 and over in the previous calendar year.

[^7]:    ** Total includes all race/ethnic groups.

[^8]:    * with no spouse present

[^9]:    * For foreign born and noncitizen 'a' and 'b' parameters are multiplied by 1.3.
    ** Total includes all race/ethnic groups

[^10]:    * Total includes all race/ethnic groups

[^11]:    * Total includes all race/ethnic groups

